## FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: MORRIS B. DALITZ
FILE NUMBER: 92-3068 SECTION: 8
PART: 9 OF 12



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

## PREEDOM OF IMPORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS RELEASE

BUBJECT:_	MORRIS B. DALITZ	
	92-3068 Section 8	

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
LAS VEGAS	LAS VEGAS	9/22/65	6/8 - 9/20/65	
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED BY
	0	SA		rmb
MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka		CHARACTER OF	CASE	
			AR	,
			67C	

#### REFERENCE:



Report of SA Las Vegas.

dated 6/9/65, at

- P -

#### ENCLOSURES



#### TO THE BUREAU (2)

Original and one copy of letterhead memorandum characterizing informants utilized in instant report.

#### **LEADS**

#### LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Will follow and report activities of subject.

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ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

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INFORMANTS

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FD-20+ (Rev. 3-3-59)

## UN. 2D STATES DEPARTMENT OF J. STICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

SA September 22, 1965

Office: Las Vegas, Nevada

Field Office File #:

92-461

Bureau File #:

92-3068

Title:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

Character:

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Synopsis:

DALITZ is an executive and part-owner of the Desert Inn Hotel and Stardust Hotel, Las Vegas, Nevada, and he resides on the ground of the Desert Inn. He was in Europe during parts of July and August, 1965. Subject continuing to expand his real estate holdings in Las Vegas and California

510

Identity of associates set forth.

- P -

#### DETAILS:



#### RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT

has advised on several occasions that when in Las Vegas, Nevada, DALITZ resides at the Desert Inn Hotel or in a cottage located directly behind the hotel on the hotel grounds.

He is president of the Desert Inn Operating Company and owner of 12.2 per cent of the company. He is also the president of Karat, Inc., operating company of the Stardust Hotel-Casino. He owns 22 per cent of Karat, Inc.

#### TRAVEL

subject returned to Las Vegas after vacationing in Europe for approximately one month.

DALITZ visited in Spain and was in London, England. He returned from Europe on approximately August 6, 1965.

that following his return from Europe, DALITZ generally remained in the Las Vegas area except for brief visits to the La Costa Golf and Country Club in San Diego, California.

#### GENERAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

that after returning from Europe in June, 1965, DALITZ cleared customs through Boston, Massachusetts, and stopped over at Detroit, Michigan.

These individuals, are associated with organized crime in the Detroit area.

According to informant, DALITZ owns a substantial interest in the La Costa Golf and Country Club located near San Diego, California.

that DALITZ still owns his boat which is docked in Gibraltar.

both associates of subject at the Desert Inn Hotel.

MORRIS KLEINMAN is presently one of the principal owners of the Desert Inn Hotel and has been a close associate of DALITZ for many years.

781 7

ASSOCIATES

Records of the New York Office reflect that a numerous occasions dating from February 12, 1935 through and had been arrested on

all well known hoodlums.

in which DALITZ also has an interest.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UN 'ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Las Vegas, Nevada

September 22, 1965

Title

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

**576** 

Character

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Reference

Report of Special Agent dated and captioned as

anove.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.



In Reply, Plance Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Las Vegas, Nevada

September 22, 1965

#### MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ ANTI-RACKETEERING

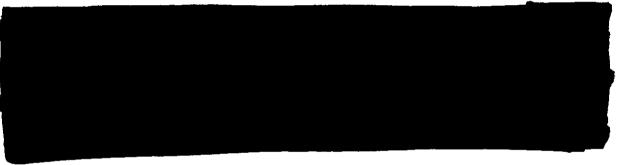
**67C** 

Reference is made to report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above.

informants utilized in referenced report.

Set forth below is a characterization of the

670



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

D Attorney General **Ostober 1, 1965** Director, FRI 1 - Mr. Belmont .1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Gale **Di Dalite** 1 - Inspection Staff TAI FRAND - Mr. McAndrews 1 - Mr. Mohr In conversation with Assistant Birecter C. B. DeLeach on September 29, 1965, you desired to be certain that <u>viden</u>ce giving rise to the had not emanated in thy way area tainted sources at intimated by Balitz's atterney, Biward Beamett Villians. Our information indicates that the 1 According to information available to this Bureau, None of the information furnished to Internal Movemen Service or the Department in this case by the PBI came from any tainted secrees. 1 - The Deputy Atterney General 1 - Er. Fred H. Vinson, Sr. locistant Attorney General Dent de innere NOTE: See memorandum J. H. Gale to Mr. Belmont dated 10/1/65, same caption, McA:T 03A 11- HILL MAILED B ~1965<sup>£</sup> 0CT 1 COMM-EBI 19 OCT 1 1965 TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVENMENT  ${\it 1emorandum}$ Mr. Mohr TO DATE: September 29, 1965 Tele. Room C. D. DeLoach FROM Holmes SUBJECT: DISCUSSION WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL 9/29/65 INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE MOE DALITZ - TAX FRAUD ALL INFORMATION CONTAINER WAKENING OF REPORTERS DURING STEEL SITUATION HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED TO PROTO LEGIS I saw Harold Reis, Executive Assistant to the Attorney General, at 11:00 a.m. this morning relative to the Attorney General accepting an invitation to speak before the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) convention. I outlined for Reis fully the fact that this was an attempt to take advantage of the Attorney General's position and prestige and that it seemed outrageous for a member of the Cabinet to be used in such a manner. I told him that the Director had turned down such an invitation and principally because the invitation had been extended only 3 weeks before the convention was to take place. Reis was fully advised of vicious remarks against the Director as well as remarks concerning the Uniform Crime Reporting program and the fact that had attempted to "freeze" the FBI out of the police training field. The Attorney General called me at 2:00 p.m. and I was out of the building. I called his office at approximately 3:20 p.m. and was told that he would like for me to come over right away. To Upon seeing the Attorney General referred 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Casper Continued on next page. 1 - Mr. Gale 1 - Mr. Rosen n oct 11 1965 1 - Mr. Jones

DeLoach to Mohr memo, 9/29/65 Re: Discussion with the Attorney General, 9/29/65

y did not call of

him I thought it would be bad to send anyone from the Justice Department inasmuch as Tamm would consider this to be a slap at the Director.

I told the Attorney General that I doubted this very seriously, however, we would of course make a check regarding the matter. I told him that Hundley would be the principle source to make such a check inasmuch as I felt certain that considerable information concerning Dalitz had been sent to Hundley. I also mentioned that it seemed that Williams was more or less on a "fishing expedition" to ascertain facts.

Continued on next page.....

DeLoach to Mohr memo, 9/29/65 Re: Discussion with the Attorney General, 9/29/65

I told the Attorney General that we had already done this and that had promised he would correct the record in the next edition of his book.

I told the Attorney General that to my knowledge we had received no press inquiries thus far, however, the record certainly needed to be straightened out. I mentioned that the worst part of this entire matter was the fact that former Attorney General Kennedy had promised the Director that he would take full responsibility for this matter; yet, when Kennedy had been interviewed by reporters he disclaimed that responsibility and put the entire burden upon the FBL.

fancy language and had left the FBI hanging high and dry.

I asked the Attorney General how he liked our new television show.

great moral values; one, that human life was precious to the FBI, and, two, no case was too large or too small to receive efficient handling by the FBI

Continued on next page.....

DeLoach to Mohr memo, 9/29/65

Re: Discussion with the Attorney General, 9/29/65

The above matters were telephonically discussed with the Director following my return from the Attorney General's office.

#### ACTION:

(1) I will follow with Harold Reis concerning the Attorney General's proposed appearance before the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

(2) We should carefully check with Jack Rosenthal the Attorney General's proposed remarks regardless of whether he or an Assistant Attorney General, or anyone from the Department, makes a speech before the IACP.

Mrs.

(3) The Special Investigative Division should carefully check regarding information sent to the Department concerning Moe Dalitz to ascertain if such information was obtained in a manner described by attorney Edward Bennett Williams. The major responsibility in this regard, of course, lies with the Organized Crime Section and the Tax Division of the Department.

(4) In accordance with the Director's instructions, I will obtain from Bureau files the copy of the letter which the Director furnished to the late President Kennedy concerning the awakening of reporters during the steel price rise issue.

OPTIONAL POINT HID. 10
MAY 1542 FISHTON
SAA SHI. INS. HO. 37
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Mr. Belmont

DATE: October 1, 1965

Casper Callahae Conrod Felt Gay Posen Sullivan Tavel

Tele. Room

Holmes . Gandy \_

FROM

TO

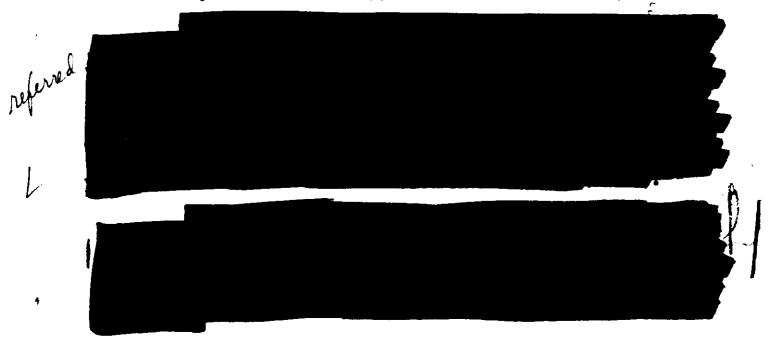
J. H. Gale

SUBJECT:

MOE DALITZ

In a memorandum from Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Mohr dated September 29, 1965, the Director instructed that the Special Investigative Division promptly ascertain whether the information giving rise to the

had emanated in any way from tainted sources, as intimated by Dalitz's attorney, Edward Bennett Williams.



#### ACTION

There is attached a letter to the Attorney General outlining the fact that our files clearly indicate that the

evidence in this case. Record 12008

1 - Mr. DeLoagh

L CHRC Belmont

by Gale

1 - Inspection Staff

1 - Mr. McAndrews

1 - Mr. Mohr

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OCT 11 1965

Enclosure - Junt 10-1-65

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FBI WASH DC

PREAD OF INVESTIGATION EPARTHERT OF JUSTICE UNICATIONS SECTION NOV 191965

FBI CHICA30

200 PM CST DEFERRED 11/19/65

TO DIRECTOR (92 - 3068)

FROM CHICAGO (92-410)

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ. AKA: AR.

RE CHICAGO TEL TO LAS VEGAS NOVEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST.

FOR INFO BUREAU, BUAGENTS WHILE AT O'HARE AIRPORT ON ANOTHER MATTER OBSERVED DALITZ AWAITING FLIGHT TO LAS VEGAS SEVEN P.M.

NOVEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST.

CUSTOMS WILL BE CONTACTED FOR FURTHER DETAILS AND LAS VEGAS WILL BE FURNIER ADVISED, AIR HAIL COPY LAS VEGAS REC 34 30 NOV 22 1955 END

75 1289 'DE 6 1255

Mr. Tolson.

Nr. 35 Fr

far Behmont

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
LAS VEGAS	LAS VEGAS	12/16/65	9/20/65 - 12/14/65	
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED BY
	1			al
MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka		CHARACTER OF	CASE	<u> </u>
14		AF	ı	

#### REFERENCE:

Report of SA

9/22/65, at Las Vegas.

- P -

#### ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU (2)

Original and one copy of a letterhead memorandum characterizing informants utilized in instant report.

#### LEADS:

#### THE LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Will follow and report activities of subject.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE DATA:

APPROVED	PPROVED SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE			DO NOT WRITE IN SPAC	ES BELOW
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FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

### D STATES DEPARTMENT OF FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

Date:

12/16/65

Office: Las Vegas, Nevada

Field Office File #:

92-461

Bureau File #: 92-3068

Title:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

Character

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Synopsis:

DALITZ is an executive and part owner of the Desert Inn and Stardust Hotels, Las Vegas, Nevada, and resides on the grounds of the Desert Inn Hotel. He has continued to travel extensively throughout the U.S. and Europe during recent months. Subject is president of the Stardust International Raceway, which was recently completed in Las Vegas. He was reportedly in contact with MEYER LANSKY and JOSEPH DOC STACHER, nationally-known hoodlums. Subject was indicted for income tax evasion in October, 1965. He entered a plea of not guilty. FBI Identification Record set forth.

P -

#### DETAILS:

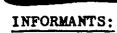
#### RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT



has advised on several occasions that when in Las Vegas, DALITZ resides at the Desert Inn Hotel or in a cottage located directly behind the hotel on the hotel grounds.

He is president of the Desert Inn Operating Company, operators of the Desert Inn Hotel, and the owner of 12.2 percent of the operating company. He is also the president of Karat, Inc., operating company of the Stardust Hotel, and he owns 22 percent of Karat, Inc.

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COVER PAGE

#### TR..VEL

At this time, this boat was docked in Cannes, France.

that on this date DALITZ returned from Europe where he had spent the past 12 days, primarily in the area of the Mediterranean

that DALITZ left Las vegas on December 8, 1965, and went to Miami, Florida. From Miami be traveled to the Rahamas Islands

#### ACTIVITIES

An article appeared in the September, 1965 issue of the Desert Inn News, a monthly publication published by the Desert Inn Hotel. This article reflected that the Stardust International Raceway in Las Vegas was officially opened on September 21, 1965. Subject was identified in the article as being president of the Stardust Racing Association.

#### **ASSOCIATES**

#### that DALITY had been at the

7119:01-011

and /

and a person believed by the informant to be subjective observed conferring

All of the above named individuals are known by informant to be close associates of MEYER LANSKY.

date informant observed MEYER LANSKY and an individual believed to be subject by informant, in conference at the

#### DALITZ met JOSEPH DUCKSVACHER

, DALITZ did have dinner with

STACHER on this occasion

#### INDICTMENT FOR INCOME TAX EVASION

Articles appearing in Las Vegas daily newspapers on October 14, 1965, reflected that on the previous day DALITZ had been indicted by a Federal Grand Jury in Los Angeles, California, along with ELI BOYER, Los Angeles accountant, for violation of income tax regulations. The indictment specifies they had attempted to evade and defer payment of a portion of DALITZ' income tax for the year 1959. They were charged specifically with declaring profits from a stock disposed of by DALITZ as a long term capital gain, rather than as ordinary income.

DALITZ appeared in court in Los Angeles on November 1, 1965, at which time he Intered a plea of not guilty to the above charges.

#### FBI IDENTIFICATION RECORD

Following is the FBI Identification Record for DALITZ dated October 21, 1965:

TOT	-	A	124	ワミワ
FBI	#	*	147	252

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Army	Moe Barney Dalitz #15078140	June 29, 1942		
United States Marshal Reno Nevada	Moe Barney Dalitz #6720	January 8, 1952	conspiracy to defraud and commit offenses against the United Stat	1952 released on \$10,000 bond retained at Newark New
United States Marshal Newark New Jersey	Moe Barney Dalitz #1945-A	January 11, 1952	conspiracy	
Police Department Las Vegas Nevada	Moe Barney Dalitz #SA-510	applicant finger- printed August 5, 1954		
Nevada Tax Commission Gambling Division Carson City Nevada (print returned)	Moe B. Dalitz #1357	applicant print received July 21, 1960		
St Bu Sacramento Calif (prt ret)	M.B.Dalitz #24664	appl FP 12-23-64		
	Company - De	ept of A.B.C. an Diego 1 Ca	. 1350 Front	Street
		Desert Inn 1		
Deputy USM San Diego Calif	Moe Barney Dalitz #18269	10-14-65	consp (income tax	:)



In Reply, Please Rafer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada December 16, 1965

Title

Reference

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

57 Character

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Report of Special Agent dated and captioned as

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

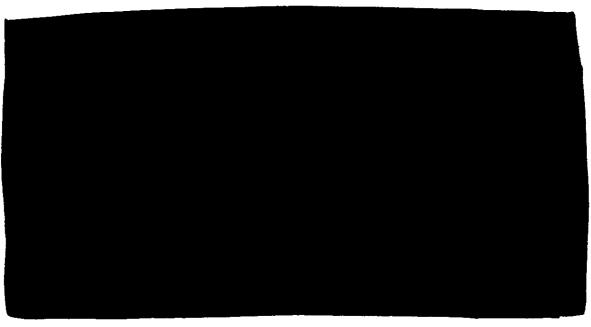
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Las Vegas, Nevada December 16, 1965

#### MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ ANTI-RACKETEERING

Reference is made to report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above.

Set forth below is a characterization of the informants utilized in referenced report.





This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)			i.r. Telson
Are		, )	Mr. Deleach.
, b 1/2	FBI		Mr. Fallahan
VED .		January 4, 1966	Mr. F
tansmit the following in	- 4.6.		Mr. Sullivan
district to following in	(Type in plaintext	or code)	Vir. Tavel
ic AIRTEL	AIRMAIL (Prin	rity)	Mr. Wick Tele. Room
7		,, 	Miss Holmes  L Miss Gandy
TO : DI	RECTOR, FBI (92-3068)	,	
FROM _ SA	C, LAS VEGAS (92-461)	(P) ,	1
MORRIS B. DALIT	z		Porti-
AR (OO: Las Vegas	)		
(00. 20. 108.0	/		
DALIT	Z and ELI BOYER were	present in Federal	Court, Las
Vegas, Nevada o	n $12/27/65$ . They app	eared pursuant to	a summons
	. They were represent, who moved for admis		
	lifornia, to practice		
	motion was granted.	•	•
Over	the Government's obje	ections, the Court	ordered
	dants be released on		
	\$1,000 bond on which ment in Los Angeles.	they had been held	on the
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	ourt also granted def ss prior to filing of		
	ntinued for entry of		
Las V	egas will follow this	matter and keep the	e Bureau
advised.			
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l - Las Vegas			
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## Memorandum

TO

: preserva, Ful (92-3068)

2/28/66 DATE:

SAC, LAS VERAS (92-461) (P)

SUBJECT:

TORRYS CHEETEY TALITZ, a'ta

00: Las Vegas

Onclosed for the completion of the Dureau's files is a current photograph of above subject. This photograph was taken in Pebruary, 1966.

7 - Dureau (92-3065) (Cnc. 1 - Las Veras (92-461) . U:1k (3)

-7.21 92-3068-449

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
LAS VEGAS	LAS VEGAS	4/13/66	12/15/65 - 4/4/66	
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED BY
				alf
MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka		CHARACTER OF	CASE	<u> </u>
		А	R A	
			<b>b</b> K	

REFERENCE:

Report of SA

12/16/65, at Las Vegas.

- P -

ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU (2)

Original and one copy of a letterhead memorandum characterizing informants utilized in instant report.

LEADS:

THE LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

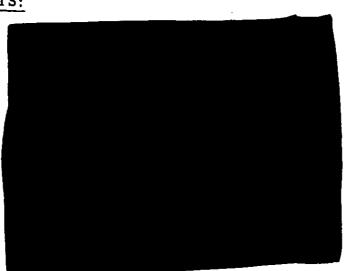
Will follow and report activities of subject.

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA:

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INFORMANTS:

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#### UN ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF . STICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

4/13/66

Office: Las Vegas, Nevada

Field Office File #:

92 - 461

92-3068 Bureau File #:

Title:

Date:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

Character:

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Synopsis:

DALITZ is an executive and part owner of the Desert Inn am Stardust Hotels, Las Vegas, Nevada, and resides on the grounds of the Desert Inn Hotel. He has continued to travel throughout the U. S. and Europe during recent months. Records, USDC, Las Vegas, reflect on 12/27/65 subject was present in court, and the court ordered a continuance for entry of plea until 3/14/66 regarding subject's income tax evasion indictment. Identity of contacts set out.

- P -

DETAILS:



#### RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT

DALITZ resides at the Desert Inn Hotel or in a cottage located directly behind the hotel on the hotel grounds.

He is president of the Desert Inn Operating Company, operators of the Desert Inn Hotel, and the owner of 12.2 percent of the operating company. He is also the president of Karat. Inc., operating company of the Stardust Hotel, and he owns 22 percent of Karat, Inc.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

#### CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

The "Las Vegas Review Journal" issue of December 17, 1965, contained the following article:

"Grand Jury Indicts Dalitz

"The Federal Grand Jury indicted Las Vegas gambler Morris (Moe) Dalitz Thursday on charges of conspiring to evade income taxes.

"DALITZ and Eli Boyer, a Los Angeles business man and a senior partner in a Southern California accounting firm, were accused of conspiring to obtain a special tax reduction by virtue of a fraudulent claim of long term capital gain on sale of 5,000 shares of stock in Turbo Dynamics Corp., of Nevada.

"Dalitz, president of the operating companies for the Desert Inn and Stardust Hotels, and Boyer were named in a similar Los Angeles indictment Oct. 13.

"THEY PLEADED innocent to the California charge. They sought dismissal of the charge, a change of venue and a bill of particulars."

The San Diego Office advised by communication dated December 15, 1965, that on November 17, 1965, Chief Deputy United States Marshall San Diego, advised SA that on October 14, 1965, DALITZ, as MOE BARNEY DALITZ, accompanied by his attorney, JACK DONNELLY, turned himself in to the United States Marshal's office. He was fingerprinted under United States Marshal number 18269, but was not photographed as the United States Marshal's office has no facilities for taking photos. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspiracy to violate income tax laws. The charge was reflected as conspirately provided that DALITZ was taken before United States Commissioner ELMER ENSTROM, Jr., on October 14, 1965, and was released on \$1,000 bond.

The records of the United States District Court (USDC) at Reno, Nevada, indicate under file number 13804 that MORRIS B. DALITZ and ELI BOYER are at liberty as of December 22, 1965,

and that a summons is to be issued and bail set at \$1,000 for each. The court also ordered that this case be given USDC, Las Vegas, Nevada, file number 1274.

The records of the USDC, Las Vegas, file number 1274, in the matter captioned United States v. MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, indicate that the defendants appeared in this court pursuant to a summons issued on December 16, 1965, with retained counsel, DAVID GOLDWATER, who moved for admission of BRUCE I. HOCHMAN to practice for purposes of this case, and this motion was granted. (Both attorneys represent both defendants.)

DALITZ indicated this to be his true name, is 66 years old, and possessing a high school education. A copy of the indictment was served and a reading was waived. The court ordered a continuance for entry of plea until March 14, 1966, at 9:30 AM.

BOYER indicated that this was his true name, and that he was 46 years old. He claimed a Bachelor of Science college degree. A copy of the indictment was served and a reading was waived. The court ordered a continuance until March 14, 1966, for entry of plea.

Over the government's objection, the court ordered as to both defendants a motion for their own recognizance instead of bond of \$1,000.00, and rather than transferring the bond from case number 1263, defendants are at liberty on their own recognizance and the bond in the other case will be exonerated. The court also ordered permission to file motion to dismiss prior to filing of motion to supress granted and also ordered any exhibits to any motions filed in file number 1263 may be withdrawn on request of counsel and attached to motions to be filed in this action.

#### TRAVEL



left Las Vegas, Nevada, on December 6, 1965.

that DALITZ

returned to has vegas on December 20, 1965.

left the Desert Inn Hotel, probably on January 3, 1966

has been out of Las Vegas

that DALITZ was on March 14, 1966, and in Cannes, France, on March 17, 1966.

CONTACTS

\_ 4 \_

that DALITZ

the

The Miami Office of thw FBI advised the following by communication dated January 28, 1966:

that he information concerning the subject

The following investigation was conducted by SA

Review of current City Directory and Telephone Directory for the West Palm Beach, Florida, area on January 10, 1966, as well as review of the records of the Palm Beach County Credit Bureau, the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office, and the Police Department in West Palm Beach and the Police Department in Palm Reach. Florida, failed to reveal any record for subject,

Local over ories do identify one

Florida who also has a telephone at

On January 10, 1965,

Beach, Florida, Police Department advised he is not familiar with the for DALITZ, nor does he associate the names with Palm heads associate the name of but he knows nothing specific about him, except that he is a man of some wealth who travels in wealthy circles in the area.

On that same date,

advised he is not ramiliar with DALITZ,

nor does he associate
the names with vachting or vacht sales in the area. He said
apparently retired man, who
was and probably still is in the
City

but he did not know if this person is in any way
associated with anyone by the name of

was seen with TAKE LANSE pat the Singapore House on the weekend of October 30, 1965.



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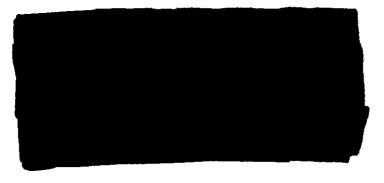
advised that the Subject was seen at the Bayshore Golf Club in the presence of JAKE LANSKY and others.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

The Chicago Office of the FBI furnished the following information in communication dated December 29, 1965:

Custom's Agent, Chicago Office, who interviewed also searched DALITZ at the time of his arrival in Chicago, furnished the following information on December 22, 1965, to SA

The Chicago Custom's file number is CH 22-265. The following names and telephone numbers were found on a piece of paper in DALITZ's possession:



**57C** 

Also listed were the following banks and figures following every one:

First National Bank	13991.54
Bank of Nevada	25,000
Nevada Bank Commission	25,000
Bank of Las Vegas	28,154.76
Valley Bank	26,446.25
Nevada State Bank	<b>51</b> ,860.89

State of Nevada driver's license MD 99122 issued January, 1965, to MOE B. DALITZ, Las Vegas.

Passport number R195021 issued July 5, 1961, to MOE BARNEY DALITZ. Agent advised that complete information regarding DALITZ's travel might be of interest

since he admitted making 13 trips at least into the United States since 1961, and he said his passport bore so many notations it was difficult to differentiate between them.

He also had a business card from La Costa Country Club, Costa Del Mar Road, Carlsbad, California, MCRRIS BARNEY DALITZ, 729-7111. A business card bearing the following:

ADRIAN WILSON and Associates 816 West 5th Street Los Angeles, California MA 6-8171, with a notation Aw Faia,

Another business card of DOROTHY SOLOMON 71-75 New Oxford Street London WCI telephone Temple Bar 1801/5

"Crown album number B338" appear on a slip of paper with no known significance.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at statements, where indicated,	this location in the file. One or explain this deletion.	more of the following
Deletions were made pursua available for release to you.	ant to the exemptions indicated be	low with no segregable materia
Section	552	Section 552a
□ (b)(1)	☐ (b)(7)(A)	☐ (d)(5)
□ (b)(2)	☐ (b)(7)(B)	☐ (j)(2)
□ (b)(3)	☐ (b)(7)(C)	$\square$ (k)(1)
	(b)(7)(D)	☐ (k)(2)
	(b)(7)(E)	☐ (k)(3)
	(b)(7)(F)	☐ (k)(4)
□ (b)(4)	☐ (b)(8)	☐ (k)(5)
□ (b)(5)	□ (b)(9)	□ (k)(6)
☐ (b)(6)		☐ (k)(7)
☐ Information pertained only request.	to a third party with no reference	to you or the subject of your
☐ Information pertained only	to a third party. Your name is li	sted in the title only.
	another Government agency(ies). ew and direct response to you.	These documents were referre
	urnished by another Government are releasability of this information	
Page(s) withheld for the fol	lowing reason(s):	
☐ For your information:		
The following number is to HQ 92 - 3068 - 4	be used for reference regarding to	hese pages:

XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX

The Miami Office of the FBI furnished the following information by communication dated February 15, 1966:

The following investigation was conducted by SA at Miami, Florida:

records show that he B. DALITZ of the Desert Inn, Las Vegas,

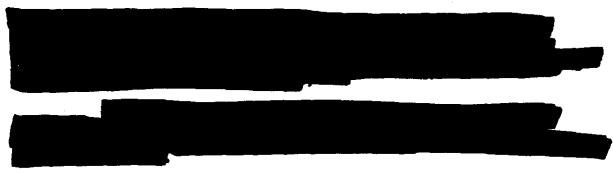
On February 10, 1966, DALITZ left the hotel

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

	were made pursuant to the of for release to you.	exem	ptions indicated be	low with no segregable material
	Section 552			Section 552a
☐ (b)(1)			(b)(7)(A)	☐ (d)(5)
☐ (b)(2)			(b)(7)(B)	☐ (j)(2)
☐ (b)(3)	•	X	(b)(7)(C)	$\square$ (k)(1)
		X	(b)(7)( <b>D</b> )	☐ (k)(2)
	<u> </u>		(b)(7)(E)	☐ (k)(3)
			(b)(7)(F)	☐ (k)(4)
(b)(4)			(b)(8)	☐ (k)(5)
☐ (b)(5)	,		(b)(9)	☐ (k)(6)
☐ (b)(6)				☐ (k)(7)
Informati	on pertained only to a third	party	with no reference	to you or the subject of your
☐ Informati	on pertained only to a third	party	Your name is li	sted in the title only.
	ts originated with another Go sency(ies) for review and dire			These documents were referred
	sency(les) for feview and diff			
to that ag  Pages cor advised b	tain information furnished by the FBI as to the releasabil other agency(ies).			
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Pages con advised b with the Page(s) w	tain information furnished by the FBI as to the releasabil other agency(ies).	son(s)	f this information	following our consultation
Pages cor advised b with the Page(s) w	tain information furnished by the FBI as to the releasabilities other agency(ies).	son(s)	f this information	following our consultation

XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX

150 150



Informant stated DALITZ has remained generally in the Las Vegas area.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada April 13, 1966

Title

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

b7C

Character

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Reference

Report of Special Agent , dated and captioned as above.

× -\$

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

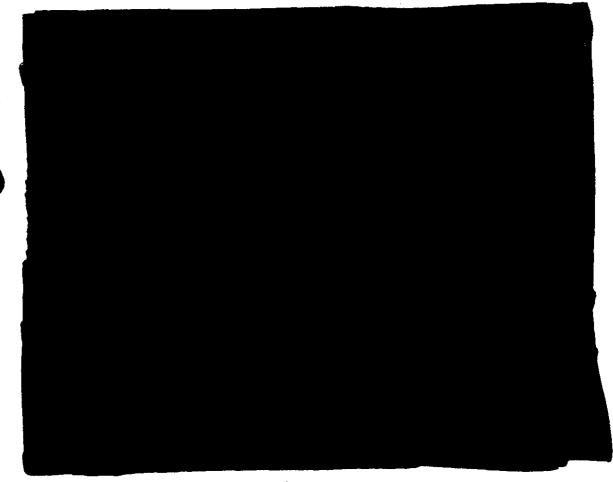
#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada April 13, 1966

#### MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ ANTI-RACKETEERING

Reference is made to report of Special Agent, dated and captioned as above.

Set forth below is a characterization of the informants utilized in referenced report.



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
LAS VEGAS	LAS VEGAS	5/24/66	4/5/66 - 5/17	/66
TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED B
MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka				and 1
		CHARACTER OF CASE		
· -			AR .	
<b>A</b>				
REFERENCE	•	!		

ENCLOSURES: TO THE BUREAU (2)

670

Original and one copy of a letterhead memorandum characterizing informants utilized in instant report.

- P -

4/13/66, at Las Vegas.

## LEADS:

Report of SA

THE SAN DIEGO DIVISION

AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

will identify and conduct credit and criminal checks regarding this person. No interview being requested at this time.

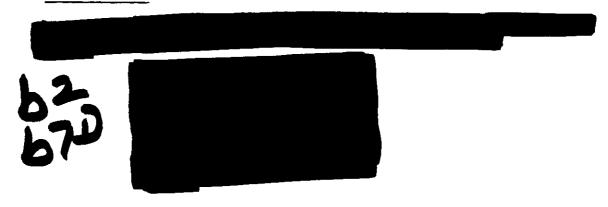
	$\Omega$			70	
APPROVED	MV.	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
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4 - Bureau (92-3068)(Ence 2) 2 - San Diego (92-38) 2 - Las Vegas (92-461)		MAY 26 1966	EX-114		
OPIES DESTROYE 9 25 MAY 23 1972  DISSEMINATION I	2	ACHED REPORT	NOTATIONS		
REQUEST RECD.  DATE PWD.  OTTO DIE	Crime and	Oriminal Division	<del></del>		
Section, I	ccm 252	B.E. GOATURERA 661		117	

# THE LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Will follow and report activities of the subject.

# INFORMANTS:



FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

# UN ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF . STICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

67 Cort of:

5/24/66

Office: Las Vegas, Nevada

Field Office File #:

92-461

Bureau File #: 92-3068

Title:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

Character:

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Synopsis:

The subject was in New York City during 3/66; in Tokyo, Japan, during 4/66; and Hong Kong, China, in 5/66. Status of criminal proceedings for income tax evasion set out.

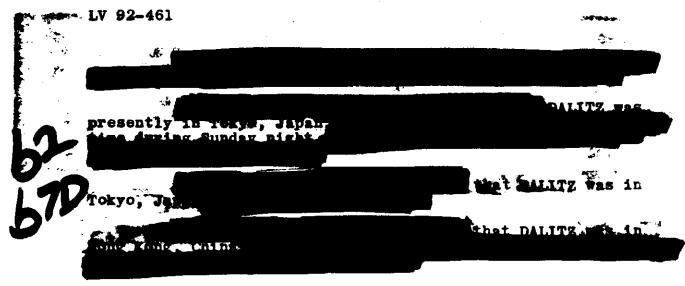
- P -

#### DETAILS:

that the subject

A returned to Las Vegas. Nevada, on March 22, 1966.

The subject had 1966.



#### STATUS OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

The records of the U. S. District Court, Las Vegas, reflect that on April 14, 1966, in the case entitled U. S. vs. MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, Docket number 1274, that the defendants appeared in court with their retained attorney, DAVID GOLDWATER, and were at liberty on their own recognizance, and they each entered a plea of not guilty to all three counts of the indictment. The court ordered that the matter was to be continued to May 2, 1966, for hearing on defendants' motion to dismiss. The defendants' own recognizance were approved and continued.

The records of the U. S. District Court also reflect in the case entitled U. S. vs. MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, Docket number 1263, that both defendants were present in the court on April 14, 1966, and the government entered a motion to dismiss this case, which was superseded by case number 1274. The court ordered this matter continued to May 2, 1966. The defendants' recognizance bonds were approved and continued.

The records of the U. S. District Court, Las Vegas, indicate that in the case entitled U. S. vs. MORRIS B.-DALITZ, ELI BOYER, Docket number 1263 (avoiding income tax) that the indictment was dismissed in this case on motion made by Special Assistant United States Attorney MICHAEL DE FEO.

大学に大学なるという あんち



In Raply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

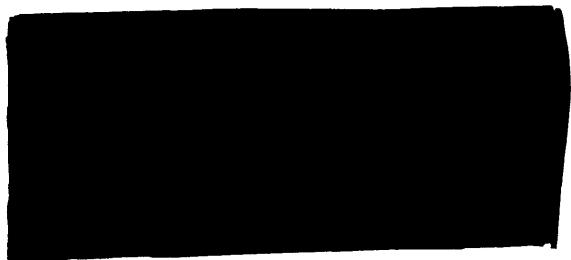
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada May 24, 1966

#### MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ ANTI-RACKETEERING

Reference is made to report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above.

Set forth below is a characterization of the informants utilized in referenced report.



This document contains meither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



in Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Las Vepas, Nevada May 24, 1966

Title

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

L7C Character Reference

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Report of Special Agent , dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# $oldsymbol{M}$ emorandum

Thomas J. McAndrews Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: November 10, 1966

L. K. Bailey Departmental Attorney Tax Division, Department of Justice

SUBTECT:

MORRIS B. DALITZ

ORGANIZED CRIME AND RACKETEERING CASES PENDING IN THE TAX DIVISION

This will acknowledge receipt of the following:

Four volumes of logs from the Desert Inn containing serials 1 through 727.

November 10, 1966

marrie B. D. Cety 92 3068

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan 92-3668-152

OPTIONAL FORM HO. 19
ANT 1943 PORTION
GEA PRIME 641 CRE 191-11.4

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO . Thomas J. McAndrews

Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: January 31, 1967

FROM :

Mr. Fred Folsom

Chief, Criminal Section

Tax Division

Department of Justice

SUBJECT:

DESERT INN HOTEL LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

This will acknowledge receipt of the following airtels and logs concerning the Desert Inn:

- 1. Two volumes of airtels from the Desert Inn containing serials 1 94. Copies numbered "2x".
- 2. Four volumes of logs from the Desert Inn containing serials 1 727. Copies numbered "2x".

January 31, 1967

-/. J. Jolson

1-62-318 1- July Dacu- 92-4 843 - 45 8 1- David Sam 92-3068 - 45 8



ENCLOSURE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1 - Mr. Gale The Attorney General 1 - Mr. McAndrews September 16, 1966 1 - Mr. P.J. Mohr. Mroctor, FRI oreis B. Dalitz BESIRT IN STARDUST MOTEL AND CASINO ALL INFORMATION CONTAINE LAS VEGAS, METADA LUS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, AND LAS VEGAS, MEVADA Reference is made to the memorandum dated September 22, 1966, from Assistant Attorney Concral Mitchell Mogovin, Tax Division, in which he requested information concerning our microphone coverage to the Besert Inn, the Stardust Botel, This information is required Morris B. Dalitz and for meeting the defendants' contentions in a motion for a bill' of particulars, which is preliminary to a motion to suppress evidence in this case. The following information is being supplified in response to Mr. Megovin's inquiries. We never had any microphone coverage of In Los Angeles, in his residence or at his business. Microphone beverage was in effect at the Besert Inn From Harch 22, 1962, to August 15, 1963. This installation overed the activities of Forris B. Belitz This microphos th our las Togas Office. The original legs and accompanying material, which contain the results of our coverage at the Desert Inz, were furnished to the United States District Court in Senver, Colorado, during the trisl and bearings on the appeal in the Emby Koled extertion case. A copy of this material will be made available for your review.

EX-102 REG II 92 3068- 45 aformation establish from our confidential coverage at the Deport Enn Hotel appeared in the following reports. Copies of these reports have previously been furnished to the Department: Wick J.H.Gale to DeLoach Sea memorandum/dated 9-14-66, same caption, PJM: 14m. Casper Callaho PJM:msm SEPOOD 111866 YPE UNIT

1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Wick

## The Atterney Concral

April 9, 1963, at Las Yegas, saptioned "Morris Barney Balitz."
The information obtained from our confidential overage appears in this report under the first average Service on May 18, 1962.

Beport of Special Agent Marris Servey Balits."
The information obtained from our senfidential severage appears in this report under the

Suly 16, 1962, at Las Vegas, captioned "Morris Sarmey Balitz." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated August 10, 1963, at Las Vegas, captioned "Norris Barney Balita." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

September 18, 1962, at Las Veyrs, esptioned "Aerris Barney Balits." The information obtained from our confidential enverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated dated detect 19, 1962, at Las Vegas, captioned morris Sarmey Balita." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Beport of Special Agent dated Sevenber 26, 1962, at Las Vegas, estioned Marris Barney Balits." The information obtained from our confidential coverage supposes in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated dated family 18, 1963, at has Vegas, eastleded "sorris Barney Palits." The information obtained from our confidential agrerage appears in this report under the

### The Atterney Seneral

April 3, 1963, at Las Vegas, captioned "Sorris Barney Balits." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent Communication dated fine 19, 1963, at Las Vogas, eaptivest "Sorris Barney Balits." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated duguet 14, 1963, at Les Vegas, esprissed gorris Barney Balita." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent September 31, 1962, at Las Vegas, exptioned "Desert Inn Hotel." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated dated December 3, 1962, at Las Vegas, especial desert lan Hotel." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent dated dated March 4, 1963, et Las Vogas, captioned "secort Inn Hotel." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Report of Special Agent Committee dated dune 5, 1963, at Les Vegas, captioned "Posert IN Botel." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

Microphone coverage was in effect at the Standart Hotel from June 27, 1963, to August 15, 1963. This microphone was installed through troupass and was menitored in our Les Vegas Delie.

The logs containing the results of our coverage at the Stardust Notel have previously been furnished to the Repartment for use in connection with the John Brow tax case.

## The Attorney General

197C

Enformation obtained from our confidential coverage at the Resert Inn also appears in the following reports:

Bosonber 20, 1963, at Las Vogas, expressor "Staruest Hotel, aka, Harat, Inc." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

April 10, 1963, at Las Vogas, captioned "Stardust motel, aka, Karat, Inc." The information obtained from our confidential coverage appears in this report under the

In September, 1965, when Edward Bennett Williams indicated that the ease against Balits was based on a technical surveillance by the FEI, this matter was checked by your office with Er. Eundley of the Organised Grime and Encketeering Section of the Department who assured this was absolutely false. Er. Hundley was aware of the fact that this case against Balitz and Boyer was developed by Internal Esvenue Service agents checking bank ascounts and records of the defendants.

As you are aware, Departmental atteracys were theroughly conversant with our microphone coverage at the Desert Inn as early as March of 1965, when a poview of this coverage was undertaken in connection with the trial of Ruby Kolod in Denver, Colorado. This Departmental review was conducted prior to the indictment of Dalits and Doyer in the tax matter.

The unterial to be reviewed is highly sensitive in mature and personnel assigned to review this material should be alerted to its highly confidential nature and the necessity to restrict discomination of information contained therein. All available security safeguards should be afforded it when not actually being used by the designated Departmental atterneys.

- 1 The Deputy Attorney Seneral
- 1 Mr. Fred M. Vinsen, &r. Assistant Attorney Seneral
- 1 Mr. Mitchell Regovin Assistant Attorney General

BENT BROW A CONTROL OF THE STATE STA

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

LAS VEC NITLE OF CASE MORRIS	GAS LAS VEGAS BARNEY DALITZ, aka	10/4/66 REPORT MADE BY	5/17/66 - 9/28	3/66 TYPED
MILE OF CASE	0	REPORT MADE BY		TYPE
MORRIS	<del></del>	SA SA		I
MORRIS	DARREI DALLIA, ARA			/s
	MORRID DARREI DALIIL, MA		F CASE	
			<b>A</b> R	
			<b>67</b> C	
			0/0	<u> </u>
REFEREN	NCE:			
	Report of SA		5/24/66, at Las	Vegas.
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ENCLOSE	URES: TO THE BUREAU (	<u>2</u> )		
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LEADS:				
LAS VEC	GAS DIVISION	<u>.</u>		Λ
	AT LAS VEGAS, NEV	ADA		(/
	Will follow and r	eport activit	ties of subject.	γ-
Case has been: Pending			six months Yes 😧 No	
PPROVED	SPECIAL AGE IN CHARGE	NT	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BE	:LOW
OPIES MADE:		12	110-1452	DEC !
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Ž - Las	reau (92–3068)(Kursa 8 Vegas (92–461)			İ
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9 25 MAY 23 1	97 <b>2</b>		THE CO	
			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Disseminati	ion Record of Attached Report	Notations	5	
Agency	CC. AAG, Criminal Division	ion.	9	
Request Recd.				
	1			
Date Fwd. Organiz	zed Crime and Racketeering			
oate Fwd. Organis	zed Crime and Racketeering  Room 2524.			

Idta

## ADMINISTRATIVE:

Investigative period extended over 45 days; however, case has been kept in current pending status through interoffice communications.

# INFORMANTS:

**3** .



- B\* -COVER PAGE FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

10/4/66

Office:

LAS VEGAS

Field Office File #:

LV 92-461

Bureau File #:

92-3068

Title:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ

Character:

ANTI-RACKETEERING

Synopsis:

Subject in France during May, 1966 and in England during September, 1966. Other travels Status of criminal proceedings against subject

– P –

DETAILS:

set out. set out.

#### **Travels**

that subject had departed the Desert Inn Holel on May 27 1966

mat DALITY was now have at the Desert Inn Hotel. that DALITZ had left the Desert 1966

in the Desert Inn Hotel on July 26, 1966

62 67e

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- . .

#### B. Contacts

### C. Criminal Proceedings

The "Las Vegas Sun" issue of June 7, 1966 contains the following article captioned, "Tax Trial Dismissal Case of Dalitz Aired".

"Federal Dist. Judge Roger D. Foley Jr. took under consideration yesterday a motion to dismiss conspiracy and tax evasion charges the Internal Revenue Service has brought against Desert Inn executive Morris (Moe) B. Dalitz.

"Dalitz' Los Angeles attorney, Bruce I. Hochman, argued long for dismissal of the charges contained in a December, 1965 federal grand jury indictment that Dalitz had committed any act of conspiracy or evaded income tax on his 1959 return relating to a stock transaction.

"According to the government, Dalitz assertedly reported he had purchased stock in the Thurbo-Dynamics Corp. in October, 1958 and reported on his 1959 return it was sold as a long-term gain at a profit of approximately \$10,000. This, they say, is not ture, as the date of stock transaction was later then the October date and, therefore, the deal should have been reported as short-term and subject to ordinary income.

"Asst. U.S. Atty. John C. Keeney said in court yesterday, this act was one of conspiracy as well as one of tax evasion and revealment which are also contained in the three-count indictment.

Dalitz, and his Los Angeles tax accountant, Eli Boyer were in court. They had formerly been excused from appearing on

4.0

a motion granted April 14. Their case was first put before the federal court in southern California, but Dalitz' attorneys, Hochman and David Goldwater, obtained a change of venue as Dalitz is a resident of Nevada.

"Judge Foley gave no indication when he would pass on the motion."

The "Las Vegas Sun" issue of June 10, 1966 contained the following article captioned, "Tax Evasion Charge Wont't Be Dropped".

"A move to dismiss charges of income tax evasion against Morris "Moe" Dalitz was denied by U. S. District Judge Roger D. Foley here this week.

"It was the second such motion denied to the veteran Las Vegas casino and hotelman, a key figure in operations of the Stardust and Desert Inn hotels.

"Dalitz and his chief accountant, Eli Boyer, of Los Angeles, were named co-defendants in evading and conspiritgito evade taxes on 5,000 shares of Turbo Dynamic Corporation stock bought in 1958 and subsequently sold.

"The indictment accused Dalitz and Boyer of conspiring to obtain a special tax reduction by making fraudulent claims on long term capital gains on the stock sale. The government charged the defendants were entitled only to short term gains but took capital gains in violation of the law.

"Dalitz was held to answer by a Federal Grand Jury in Los Angeles. Trial will be had in Las Vegas but a gourt date has not been set.

"Dalitz, 65, is formerly from Cleveland and was one of the original founders of the Desert Inn with Wilbur Clark."

The records of the United States District Court, Las Vegas, Nevada, indicate the following action in the case United States versus MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, No. 1274, before ROGER D. FOLEY, United States District Judge June 6, 1966. The defendants were not present in court but represented by BRUCE HOCHMAN of Los Angeles, California, J. A. DONNELLY of San Diego, California, and DAVID GOLDWATER of Las Vegas, Nevada. A hearing was held on defendant's motion to dismiss indictment. Arguments were heard and the case taken under submission. Special Assistant to the United States Attorney, MICHAEL DE FEO and JOHN KEENEY, U. S. Department of Justice, represented the Government.

On June 8, 1966, the records of the United States District Court, Las Vegas, Nevada, in the case entitled United States versus MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, No. 1274, indicated that the court ordered that the defendant's motion to dismiss was denied.

The "Las Vegas Review Journal" issue of June 10, 1966 contains an article captioned, "Judge Denies Dalitz Plea."

"Judge Roger D. Foley Jr. has denied Morris B. (Moe) Dalitz's plea for a dismissal of a federal grand jury indictment accusing him of income tax evasion.

"The Judge ruled late Wednesday after taking the plea under advisement at the end of a hearing Monday. He did not elaborate with any opinion.

"Dalitz, 66, president of the operating companies of the Desert Inn and Stardust hotels, and associate Eli Boyer, 46, of Los Angeles have pleaded innocent to the indictment.

"A trial date probably will be set in the near future.

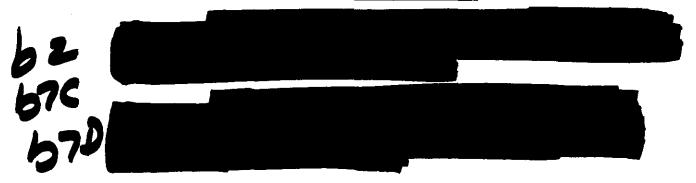
"Returned her Dec. 16, the indictment accuses the two men of a conspiracy to evade payment on approximately \$15,000 profit on a stock purchase and sale in 1958 and 1959."

Pr 🔮

The records of the United States District Court, Las Vegas, Nevada, as reviewed on September 19, 1966 in the case entitled United States versus MORRIS B. DALITZ, ELI BOYER, No. 1274, indicates that the defendants were not present on this date; however, attorneys DAVID GOLDWATER, BRUCE HOCHMAN, and J. DONNELLY were present for the defendants. The court ordered that a hearing on defendants' motion for a bill of particulars was to be continued antil 1:30 PM on September 28, 1966.

The "Las Vegas Sun" issue of August 12, 1966 contains a photograph of the subject and identifying caption stating that "Desert Inn executive Moe Dalitz arrives at Gaming Commission office here to testify as skimming probe continues. Many other hotel executives also have been invited to appear before the state body."

#### D. Business Ventures



The Los Angeles Division furnished the following information by communication dated September 27, 1966:

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~ 120/2012/20

On August 31, 1966 Investigative Clock

the Seven Seas Restaurant, and the following pertinent information was found:

ADEL NASRALLAH (ED NASH) and ROBERT L. BROOKS are partners and principals active in the Seven Seas Restaurant, 6904 Hollywood Boulevard (Hollywood), Los Angeles, California. This establishment was described as a restaurant and bar having a liquor license in the name of a partnership and employing five persons.

NASRALLAH, aka Ed Nash

State Cafe Restaurant in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. In 1955
NASRALLAH purchased Ehik's Restaurant with captial from savings and his share of partnership which had been discontinued. He later purchased the Esquire Restaurant and had a \$15,000 interest in Diamond Supermarket, Milwaukee, but was not a formal partner. He also reportedly owns real estate in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, valued in excess of \$40,000 and encumbered less than \$20,000. He maintained a prompt payment record and clear business record in Milwaukee. He moved to Los Angeles in 1960 and became active in the restaurant field. For a time he owned the Beach Chuck Restaurant, Los Angeles, which was sold to his brother. He was also sole owner of the Seven Seas Restaurant until a partnership was formed.

PORFRY I. BROOKS

monica Boulevard in Los Angeles. In October, 1938, he purchased the Seven Seas Cafe for \$4,000--\$2,000 cash and the balance in monthly payments. During the period 1938 to 1948 he was sole owner of the following:

Vagabond Isle Cafe, Summerset House, Baltimore Hotel Corporation, Las Vegas, Nevada; Westchester Hotel Apartments; and Bradley 5. and 10¢ Store, Los Angeles. In February, 1954, he sold for a reported consideration of \$500,000.

Price of the second

BROOKS was sole owner of the Seven Seas Cafe until October, 1051, when he sold to NASRALLAH.

In January, 1951, BROOKS was indicted for federal income tax evasion by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of evading total taxes of \$21,215. That was for 1945 when BROOKS allegedly understated income from operations of the Seven Seas Cafe. On January 29, 1951, he pleaded not guilty and on October 26, 1951 a verdict of guilty by jury was rendered on both counts. On January 14, 1952 BROOKS was sentenced to two years probation and fined \$5,000. The fine was paid off in 1957 at the rate of \$1,000 monthly. On September 28, 1951 BROOKS appeared at the same address filing notice of sale to J. C. BROOKS covering general license. During the period 1952 to 1953 he operated the Chianti Restaurant, Las Vegas, Nevada. As of April 4, 1954, the Seven Seas Cafe was acquired by the Amrose Corporation. On November 5, 1954 BROOKS filed suit against THOMAS P. AMROSE and the AMEROSE Corporation for \$18,649 and the appointing of a receiver. On November 1, 1954 a receiver was appointed and the receivership terminated on November 30, 1954. On December 9, 1954 a demurer was filed and all property returned to the defendant. During February, 1955, a suit was reinstated by ROY B. ALLEN, appointed as receiver. This business operated under receivership until November. 1955, when it reverted to BROOKS, who then operated the business until selling to NASRALLAH.

NASRALLAH is also a principal in Fi's Enterprises which recently acquired a restaurant in Los Angeles doing business as The Bard.

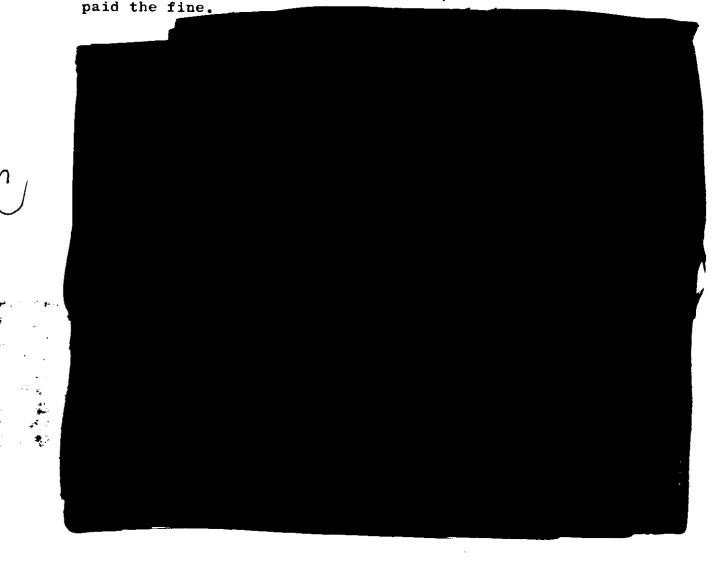
State of California Alcohol Beverages Control Board, 320 North Vermont Avenue, Los Angeles, California, made available the following information relative to BROOKS:

The liquor license at the Seven Seas Restaurant, 6904 Hollywood Boulevard, was transferred from ROBERT BROOKS to ADEL NASRALLAH on August 4, 1961. As of July 26, 1961 BROOKS resided at 1651 Hazlam Terrace, Los Angeles 46, California.

In an affidavit in support of Application for Alcoholic Beverage License dated October 23, 1963, the following was noted:

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ROBERT LABROOKS, 1651 Hazlam Terrace, Los Angeles, telephone OL 2-0243, was described as being 52 years of age, born January 22, 1911, Macon, Georgia, 6', 180 pounds, gray hair, brown eyes, California driver's license Z 656406, U. S. Passport No. 1734769 dated July 28, 1959. BROOKS indicated that from 1962 to the date of this application he was vice president and treasurer of the Nichodell-Argle Restaurant, Inc., 1600 North Argyle, Hollywood, California. From 1938 to 1961 he had been sole owner of Seven Seas Restaurant, 6904 Hollywood Boulevard. He indicated that he had been arrested in Los Angeles in 1933, no charge filed, and again in 1951 on a tax case, and that he had



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# E. Miscellaneous

At which time, informant advised that he had received information that MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ had returned to Las Vegas on or about May 22, 1966.

÷ Informant stated than they traveled to London, England, and then returned to the United States. . .

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The San Diego Office by communication dated July 14, 1966 furnished the following information:

The following investigation was conducted by Investigative Clerk

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## AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

On June 14, 1966, the records of the following agencies were checked, but no record could be located identifiable with California:

Merchants Credit Association of San Diego

San Diego Police Department

San Diego County Sheriff's Office



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada October 4, 1966

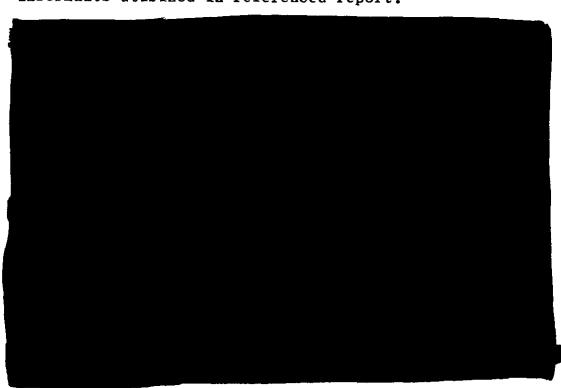
#### MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ ANTI-RACKETEERING

**17C** 

Reference is made to report of Special Agent, dated and captioned as above.

Set forth below is a characterization of the informants utilized in referenced report.





This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

F B I

Date: 9/29/66

Transmit the following in ...

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM:

SAC, LAS VEGAS (92-461)

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka

AR

Departmental Attorney MICHAEL DE FEO telephonically contacted me 9/28/66, and advised that Judge ROGER T. FOLEY had ordered the government to answer certain questions in connection with the income tax case of MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ within 30 days from 9/28/66. These questions were proposed by the attorney's for the defendants and are identical to the questions raised by the Supreme Court requiring answers by the government in the FRED BLACK case in Washington, D.C.

Mr. DE FEO stated that other questions pertaining to the income tax case were also raised.

Mr. DE FEO stated that it appeared to him that the Judge had made up his mind before they appeared before him inasmuch as the Judge would not permit him to argue the matter before him.

Mr. DE FEO stated the defendants have 30 days after the government answers the questions to file any motion to suppress.

On 9/29/66, Mr. DE FEO sent to me copies of the questions ordered by the Judge to be answered by the federal government, two copies of which are being enclosed for the information of the Bureau.

1 1	will be kept advised.  ENCLOSORIE.  (Enc 2) (RM)	92 - 306	-45
DWE:jp (4)	*ENCLOSURE ATTACHED*	20 OCT 1 1966	
C C- Wigh	P / / / / /	STATE 57	
Approved:	Special Agent in Charge	Ner	

Morvii) What amount of income tax would be and was emitted from the 1958 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. BALITY, as a result of the alleged conspiracy? V(mwiii) What was the value of the five thousand shares of Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock which were the subject of the alleged comparacy, on: (a) October 1, 1958; (b) December 15, 1958; (a) April 17, 1959? (grix) What persons directly mided in representing that MORRIS B. DALITZ sequired the Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock en October 1, 1958? (xxx) List all persons present at any meetings wherein the agreement in violation of 26 U.S.C. 7201 was reached. (xxxi) Is the Department of Justice, or any office or officer thereof, aware of any electronic eavesdropping by any Government Agent from January 1, 1958, to the present date, taking place at:

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- (a) The gesidence of ELI BOYER:
- (b) The Los Angeles of Las Vegas offices of the accounting firm of Seman, Teller, Royer and Goldberg;
  - (c) The gesidence of MORRIS B. DALITZ; or
  - (d) Wilbur Clark's Desert Inn?

Vime (i) If the borner to the proceding question, or any part thereof, is in the affirmative, what kind of electronic envesdropping device was used, and by what Soverment Agency?

(moralis) If the server to question moral is in the affirmative, state the dates during which electronic esvendropping devices were in use in each place, to the present date.

V(xxxiv) If electronic severdropping devices were in see as stated in response to the above questions, and such use has been terminated, by whose order was the sevendropping terminated?

Viscov) What person or persons authorized the use of such electronic envendropping devices? ∠ (xxxvi) What Statute or Executive Order was relied 3 m in authorizing the use of electronic enventropping devices? I w (mentil) What is the date, or dates, of the installa-5 tion of any alestronic acrosdropping device referred to above? 6 (manyill) Boos a geocyding, or transcription thereof. 7 of any negvernation everheard through the use of electronic sever-: 8 dropping devices now exist? If so, in whose pessession is said recording or transcription? (moxix) Who participated in the obtaining and 11 perpetration of the information obtained by use of the electronic 12 devices? (x1) When did the information concerning the use of 14 electronic eavesdropping devices at those places listed in answer 15 *5*~ to question maxi first come into the hands of any Government lawyer? 16 13 List the names of those lawyers who have had possession, or are now 17 in possession of such information. 18 (xli) that use was made of information obtained 19 through the use of electronic esvesdropping devices in this case? 20 21 memorrows, it is prayed that this motion be granted. -22 MED: June 29, 1366. -23 Respectfully subsitted," BAYID OCLUMATER, J. A. SCHWELLEY 24 4 9 and BRUCK I. MCCHOWN 25 MAND COLDMAND 26 BAYID GOLDMATER 27 RECCE I. MOCIDIAN 28 Attorneys for Morris B. Delitz 29 BAYID COLDWAYER and BRUCK I. MOCHNAN 30 AVID COLUMNITIES 31 NAVID GOLDWATER Etchological 32 MCT. I. MCCONX

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BROCE I. HOCHMAN

Attorneys for Eli Boyer

OPTIONAL POAM NO. 10
MAY 7992 EDITION.
GEA ORM. BIG. NO. 27
UNITED STATES ( //ERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :Mr. DeLoach

DATE: November 9, 1966

FROM : J. H. Gale

DESERT INN
STARDUST HOTEL AND CASINO
LAW VEGAS, NEVADA

ELT BOYER
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, AND
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Tele. Room Holmes Gandy

Callaha

Sulliva Tavel Trotter

Departmental Attorney L. K. Bailey, hand carried to Mr. McAndrews' Office in the Special Investigative Division a copy of a proposed memorandum prepared in response to an order of the court, supplying defendants certain particulars requested in defendants' motion, for our review. No formal communication accompanied this memorandum. This is a tax case in which Dalitz and Boyer have been charged with filing a false income tax return.

Among those particulars to be furnished to the defendants' counsel are ten additional overt acts, not stated in the original indictment, together with eight separate particular concerning strictly tax questions.

Of pertinence to the Bureau are particulars pertaining to electronic eavesdropping. These particulars relate to the microphone within the executive offices of the Desert Inny date of installation of this microphone; the length of its operation; the approval by the Director with Departmental authorization for its installation; that its operation was terminated on orders of the location of the location of the location and prosecution in the installation of this microphone. The Department states that "under 5 U.S.C. 300, the Attorney General has the authority to appoint officials for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States."

Enc. Leve 11-9-552

1 - Mr. DeLoach

l - Mr. Deloach l - Mr. Wick

l - Mr. Gale

- Mr. McAndrews

MER: jaj:m51 NOV 18 1966

93-3067-455 12 NOV 10 1966

CONTINUED - OVER

MLL INFORMATION CONTAINED, 2 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-19-84 BY SOL WINDOW

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Memorandum to Mr. DeLoach Re: Morris B. Dalitz; Eli Boyer

The court has asked the same question as the Supreme Court did in the Black case and the Department is using the same answer regarding the Bureau's general authorization. We do not subscribe to this version and have recommended that as in the Black case that the actual documents showing departmental authorization of use of microphones be filed with the Supreme Court in answer to this question.

In the Black case we steadfastly maintained that the documents proving that authority for microphone coverage came from the Department and the Attorney General, should be filed with the Supreme Court. The Department did not do this. We are urging in the attached letter to the Department that the same position that we adopted in the Black case be followed in this manner, namely that the Evans to Belmont memorandum dated July 7, 1961, wherein the Attorney General recommended electronic surveillance; the August 17, 1961, memorandum signed by Kennedy authorizing us to utilize leased lines for microphone coverage in organized crime matters; the Bureau letter to Byron White dated May 4, 1961, which spelled out our microphone policy; and the Herbert J. Miller, Jr., letter to Senator Sam Ervin, Jr., dated May 25, 1961, showing Department knowledge of our microphones, all should be filed with the court. In this recommendation, we are therefore consistent with the position which we took in the Black case.

The Department further sets out the manner in which conversations were monitored by Bureau personnel and subsequently placed on record. The names (23) of all Bureau personnel who participated in the obtaining and preparation of this information are set forth. One clerk has since resigned.

The court has requested information concerning the date and identity as to when Department personnel became cognizant of the source in the Desert Inn. The Department has not as yet worked out their proposed response but will submit to Bureau for approval at a later date.

Memorandum co Mr. DeLoach Re: Morris B. Dalitz; Eli Boyer

#### ACTION:

Analysis of the Department's proposed response indicates that it is correct as to those answers pertaining to the mechanics of the installation. As noted, the Department's answer concerning the authorization coincides with that submitted in the Black case and to which we take exception. It is requested that the attached letter, which takes note of our exception to the answer regarding authorization, be approved and forwarded to the Department. This letter will further advise that the Department's answers are factually correct as they pertain to other matters concerning the Bureau's microphone coverage.

mr ø, 1966 l - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Wick 1 - Mr. Gale 1 - Mr. McAndrews norris Barity REELT THE STANDUST MOTEL AND CASINO () 1.42 has vidas, hevada ELI DOTER hos Angeles, California, And LAS VEGAS, HEVADA This is to acknowledge receipt of a memorandum from Departmental Attorney L. K. Bailey of the Tax Bivision, prepared in response to an order of the court supplying defendants certain particulars requested in defendants metion. This memorandum has been reviewed, and the ensuer set forth are factually serrect as they pertain to the mechanics of the Bureau's misrephene installation. I must take exception to your response concerning the authority for use of microphone surveillances. I strengly urgo that espice of the nemeranda relative to the mage of microphones be attached as exhibits to the monorandum to be filed before the sourt. These include the nerandum ef fermer åssistast Birecter Courtney A. Evans dated July 7, 1961; the menerandon dated August 17, 1961, migned by fermer Attorney Coneral Robert Boanedy authorizing the use of leased lines for microphenes; the memorandum from the Burges to fermer Deputy Attorney Conoral Byren R. White dated May 4, 1961; and the letter from fermer esistant Atterney General Merbert J. Miller, Jr., to leaster New J. Ervin, Jr., dated May 25, 1961, capies of hich are attached. HCL28 WREC 32 92 3068-450 NOTE: See memo of H. Gale to DeLoach, same caption, 11/9/66, NOV 15 1966 BT- 5 TELETYPE UNIT

### The Acting Attorney Concrel

I believe the inclusion of the above aphibits as attachments to the memorandum to be filed vill give an accurate picture of the authorization insufar as the FSI's many of microphones is measured.

## the. (5)

- 1 The Beputy Attorney General Boc. (5)
- 1 Mr. Fred M. Vinsen, Sr. Mac. (5) Assistant Attorney Seneral
- 1 Mr. Mitchell Rogovin Mnc. (5) Assistant Attorney General

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JUL 1 - 1966

Defendants, Morris B. Dalitz and Eli Boyer

CLIVER F. FRATT, CLERK

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MEVADA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

No. 1274

MORRIS B. DALITZ and ELI BOYER,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF MOTION FOR BILL OF PARTICULARS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND ITS COUNSEL, MICHAEL DEFEO. ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEY:

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on July 11, 1966, at 10:00 A.M., or as soon thereafter as the Court's calendar permits, before the Honorable Roger D. Foley, Judge, United States District Court, defendants, MORRIS B. DALITZ and ELI BOYER, will move this Honorable Court to direct that plaintiff furnish defendants with a bill of particulars.

DATED: June 29, 1966.

DAVID GOLDWATER, J.A. DONNELLEY and

Attorneys for Morris B. Dalitz

Attorneys for Eli

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Defendants, Morris B. Dalitz and Eli Boyer

> UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MEVADA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

No. 1274

MOTION FOR BILL

MORRIS B. DALITZ and

ELI BOYER, 14

OF PARTICULARS

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COME NOW, the defendants, MORRIS B. DALITZ and ELI BOYER, through their counsel, DAVID GOLDWATER, J. A. DONNELLEY and BRUCE I. HOCHMAN, and move this Court to request of the plaintiff a bill of particulars.

IN SUPPORT THEREOF, the defendants submit:

- (1) That on October 13, 1965, an indictment was filed against the above-named defendants in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, Central Division. Upon application of defendants, and by order of the Honorable E. Avery Crary, United States District Judge, said case was transferred to the United States District Court for the District of Nevada.
- (2) That the aforementioned indictment was subsequently dismissed by the Government; the above-named defendants were reindicted under an indictment filed on December 16, 1965, which indictment had previously been returned by the Grand Jury.
  - That the (indictment charges the defendants with

conspiracy to commit an offense or to defraud the United States under 18 U.S.C. 371, and more specifically, conspiracy to violate 26 U.S.C. 7201, and with violations under 26 U.S.C. 7206(1) and 26 U.S.C. 7206(2), i.e., the making of false statements.

(4) That the indictment does not adequately advise the defendants of the basic elements of the alleged conspiracy, i.e., the content and scope of the agreement or scheme, criminal goals of that scheme, and means of carrying out the scheme. Particulars are needed on these elements of the alleged crime so that the defendants may adequately prepare a defense to this indictment.

<u>.</u>..

- them to believe that there may be grounds for suppression of evidence based upon wire-tapping activities conducted by Government agents, the fruits of which may be used as evidence in this case. Counsel for defendants have little direct knowledge on this point, and therefore seek to ask preliminary questions which they deem to be proper in light of the recent Supreme Court order in the case of United States v. Fred B. Black, Jr. Further comment on this point is contained in the attached Memorandum of Law. Counsel suggest that these preliminary questions are proper in that they do not wish to bring a motion to suppress unless it is clearly established that there was improper conduct by Government agents which may have led to the discovery of evidence which will be offered during the trial of this case.
- (6) By reason of the foregoing, the defendants move this Court for a bill of particulars pursuant to Rule 7(f) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, with respect to the following:
- (i) What was the actual scheme or agreement, listing all of its elements, which is the subject of this indictment?
- (ii) What was the specific object of the conspiracy which is the subject of this indictment?
  - (iii) What means were agreed upon at the time of

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(xv) With reference to the preceding question, when

B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy? (xxx) What amount of income tax would be and was omitted from the 1959 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

omitted from the 1959 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS

(xxiv) What amount of taxable income would be and was

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Code Section and theory?

. (xxvi) What amount of taxable income would be and was omitted from the 1958 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

(xxvii) What amount of income tax would be and was omitted from the 1958 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

(xxviii) What was the value of the five thousand shares of Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock which were the subject of the alleged conspiracy, on:

- (a) October 1, 1958;
- (b) December 16, 1958;
- (c) April 17, 1959?

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(xxix) What persons directly aided in representing that MORRIS B. DALITZ acquired the Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock on October 1, 1958?

(xxx) List all persons present at any meetings wherein the agreement in violation of 26, U.S.C. 7201 was reached.

(xxxi) Is the Department of Justice, or any office or officer thereof, aware of any electronic eavesdropping by any Government Agent from January 1, 1958, to the present date, taking place at:

- (a) The residence of ELI BOYER; //o
- (b) The Los Angeles or Las Vegas offices of the accounting firm of Zeman, Teller, Boyer and Goldberg:  $N^{\circ}$ 
  - (c) The residence of MORRIS B. DALITZ; or No
  - (d) Wilbur Clark's Desert Inn?

(xxxii) If the answer to the preceding question, or any part thereof, is in the affirmative, what kind of electronic eavesdropping device was used, and by what Government Agency?

(xxxiii) If the answer to question xxxi is in the affirmative, state the dates during which electronic eavesdropping devices were in use in each place, to the present date.

(MOCKIV) If electronic eavesdropping devices were in use as stated in response to the above questions, and such use has been terminated, by whose order was the eavesdropping terminated?

(xxxx) What person or persons authorized the use of such electronic eavesdropping devices? (xxxvi) What Statute or Executive Order was relied upon in authorizing the use of electronic eavesdropping devices? (xxxvii) What is the date, or dates, of the installation of any electronic eavesdropping device referred to above? (xxxviii) Does a recording, or transcription thereof, of any conversation overheard through the use of electronic eavesdropping devices now exist? If so, in whose possession is said recording or transcription? 11 (xxxix) Who participated in the obtaining and perpetration of the information obtained by use of the electronic 13 devices? 14 (x1) When did the information concerning the use of electronic eavesdropping devices at those places listed in answer 15 to question xxxi first come into the hands of any Government lawyer? List the names of those lawyers who have had possession, or are now in possession of such information. 18 19 (xli) What use was made of information obtained 20 through the use of electronic eavesdropping devices in this case? 21 WHEREPORE, it is prayed that this motion be granted. 22 June 29, 1966. 23 Respectfully submitted, 24 DAVID GOLDWATER, J. A. DONNELLEY 25 26 28 29

30 31 32 By Bruce I Bochwalus

By Bruce I Hochman

Bruce I. Hochman

Attorneys for Morris B. Dalitz

DAVID GOLDWATER and BRUCE I. HOCHMAN

By Bruce Holdwater

By Bruce I. Hochman

Bruce I. Hochman

Bruce I. Hochman

Attorneys for Eli Boyer

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LAW OFFICES OF MOCHMAN AND SALKIN PRINTINGS, FRELLY BANK BULLIAMS 6870 WILDOWS BOULEVARD SEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA TREMON 6-1811 CRETYMOR 8-1181

Abbreys for Defendants, Morris B.
Dalitz and Eli Boyer

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MEVADA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

No. 1274

MORRIS B. DALITZ and

ELI BOYER,

Defendants.

MEMORANDUM OF LAW
IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

FOR BILL OF PARTICULARS

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NEW COURT RULE

Beginning July 1, 1966, Rule 7(f) of the Pederal Rules of Criminal Procedure will read as follows:

"The court may direct the filing of a bill of particulars. A motion for a bill of particulars may be made before arraignment or within ten days after arraignment or at such later time as the court may permit. A bill of particulars may be amended at any time subject to such conditions as justice requires." (39 F.R.D. 253, 254.)

There are two major changes under the new rule. The rule no longer provides that a bill of particulars may be granted "for cause." In stating the reason for the removal of said clause, the Advisory Committee's Note states:

"The amendment to the first sentence eliminating the requirement of a showing of cause is designed to encourage a more liberal attitude by the courts toward bills of particulars without taking away the discretion which courts must have in dealing with such motions in individual cases. Por an illustration of wise use of this discretion see the opinion by Justice Whittaker written when he was a district judge in United States v. Smith, 16 F.R.D. 372 (W.D.Mo., 1954)." 39 F.R.D. 170.

The second major change in the rule provides for the use of broader discretion on the Court's part as to when a bill of particulars may be granted.

By order of the Supreme Court of the United States, 39

F.R.D. 252, 276, the amendments to the Rules of Criminal Procedure,

"...shall take effect on July 1, 1966, and shall govern all criminal proceedings thereafter commenced and so far as just and practicable all proceedings then pending." It is submitted that the revised Rule 7(f), providing for broad judicial discretion and permissiveness in granting a bill of particulars, shall govern in this case.

II

#### CASE LAW

As the Advisory Committee of the Judicial Conference of the United States has seen fit to cite the decision of Justice Whittaker in the case of <u>United States v. Smith</u>, <u>supra</u>, certain passages of that decision, beginning at page 374 and continuing onto page 375, are quoted below:

\*...Rule 7(f) necessarily presupposes an indictment or information good against a motion to quash or a demurrer. Its proper office 'is to furnish to the defendant further

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information respecting the charge stated in the indictment when necessary to the preparation of his defense, and to avoid prejudicial surprise at the trial', and when necessary for those purposes, is to be granted even though it requires 'the furnishing of information which in other circumstances would not be required because evidentiary in nature', and an accused is entitled to this 'as of right'. (Citations)

"Nor is it any answer to a motion for a bill of particulars for the government to say: 'The defendant knows what he did, and, therefore, has all the information necessary.' This argument could be valid only if the defendant be presumed to be quilty. For only if he is presumed guilty could he know the facts and details of the crime. Instead of being presumed guilty, he is presumed to be innocent. Being presumed to be innocent, it must be assumed 'that he is ignorant of the facts on which the pleader founds his charges'. (Citations) This conclusion seems to me to be elementary, fundamental and inescapable. "Without definite specification of the time and

"Without definite specification of the time and place of commission of the overt acts complained of, and of the identity of the person or persons dealt with, there may well be difficulty in preparing to meet the general charges of the information, and some danger of surprise." (Emphasis per report)

In the case of <u>United States v. Covell1</u> (M.D. Ill., 1962) 210 F. Supp. 589, 590, a conspiracy case, the Court stated: "The names and addresses of any co-conspirators who have become known to the Government since the indictment was returned should certainly be furnished (in a bill of particulars). Any such co-conspirators occupy the same stance as a defendant named in the indictment, at least insofar as their identity and addresses are concerned, and the fact that they were not known at the time of the presentment before the grand jury is merely fortuitous and cannot be a basis for refusal to disclose.

"The same principle applies to overt acts which could have been included in the indictment but were not and which the Government intends to present testimony about at the trial. If the requested particulars of these acts are not now disclosed, the Court will inevitably be met at the trial with a motion to strike or exclude on the ground of surprise. The Government cannot put the defendant in the position of disclosing certain overt acts through the indictment and withholding others subsequently discovered, all of which it intends to prove at the trial. This is the type of surprise a bill of particulars is designed to avoid.

"As to other persons who may have been present at certain conversations which form an important part of the Government's case, this information should also be furnished. The Government's contention that it is thereby compelled to put its entire case in the hands of the defense is unwarranted, since it will be remembered that the

-11-

Court refused to order disclosure of the substance of any of these conversations.

In United States v. Baker Brush Company, Inc. (S.D.N.Y., 1961) 197 F. Supp. 922, the Court first held that the defendant should be furnished with a bill of particulars defining the essential facts constituting the offense charged. The Court then analyzed an interesting contention of the defendant. The defendant had requested a detailed statement of the dates upon which all of the alleged acts had occurred. The indictment raised a question as to whether or not the statute of limitations had run on prosecution of the offense. The Court, quoting Singer v. United States, 58 F.2d 74, 75, stated, at page 924: "A bill of particulars would have enabled the defendant on the one hand to prepare his defense, or, on the other, to attack the indictment." (Emphasis per report)

In U.S. v. Bonanno (D.C.N.Y., 1959) 177 F. Supp. 106, reversed on other grounds 285 F. 2d 408, the Court held that the Government must "specify in what manner it will claim the defendants conspired to defeat the Governmental functions of the United States as charged.

In <u>U.S. v. Lonez</u> (D.C.N.Y., 1960) 26 P.R.D. 174, the Court held that in a conspiracy case, the Government would be compelled to answer, but only approximately, defendant's request for particulars as to the date when the defendant entered into the conspiracy, the situs of the conspiracy, and the date, time and place of the overt acts alleged.

The Government in an income tax prosecution is required to state in a bill of particulars the specific theories, or methods, or combinations thereof which were used to compute the defendant's taxable income for each of the years in question.

U.S. v. Sermon (D.C. Mo., 1963) 218 F. Supp. 871.

U.S. v. O'Neill (D.C.N.Y., 1957) 20 F.R.D. 180.

U.S. v. Geller (D.C.N.Y., 1958) 163 F. Supp. 502.

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D.S. v. Wheeland (D.C. Pa., 1960) 25 F.R.D. 481.

On June 14, 1966, the Los Angeles Times carried an article describing the Order of the Supreme Court, dated June 13, 1966, in the case of <u>United States v. Fred B. Black</u>, <u>Jr.</u> Said Order was directed at the F.B.I. and Justice Department, and required that they disclose the following information pertaining to the "bugging" of Mr. Black's office: The kind of bugging used by the F.B.I.; the person or persons who authorized its installation; the statute or executive order relied upon; date or dates of installation; whether there exists a recording of conversations overheard; when information concerning the bugging of Mr. Black came into the hands of any Government lawyer, and the names of those lawyers; and the use made of information obtained through bugging in the case before the Court Counsel are attempting to obtain copies of this Order, and they will be forwarded to the Court as soon as obtained.

Defendants suggest that they are entitled to the above information in order to lay a foundation for a motion to suppress, should the bill of particulars disclose electronic eavesdropping which may have yielded evidence to be offered during the trial of this matter, or which provided leads to evidence. Should there in fact be no electronic eavesdropping, the answers requested herein will indicate that point, and defendants will thereby be relieved from the useless procedural step of bringing a motion to suppress; the Government will also be benefited in that many of its employees will be freed from the onerous burden of appearing under subpoena during the hearing of a motion to suppress; and the Court will not be burdened with an unnecessary proceeding which could be lengthy.

The case of <u>United States v. Lipshitz</u> (E.D.N.Y., 1957) 150 F. Supp. 321, 322, discusses the propriety of requesting information relating to suppression through the procedural device of requesting a bill of particulars under Rule 7(f):

"Since evidence relating to sales to the three

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South African concerns has been suppressed, it becomes particularly important that the defendant, in the preparation of his defense, know specifically what unreported sales the Government will rely on in the prosecution of the case. The fact that the Government may, as it claims, be required thereby to disclose some of its evidence is not, in and of itself, a ground for the denial thereof, if the information sought is necessary, as I believe it is, to enable the defendant to prepare his defense. United States v. Kessler, D.C., 43 P. Supp. 408.

\*But there is still another reason why the defendant should have such information. In view of the order of suppression herein, he should have an opportunity to be prepared to show at the trial, if it be so, that the evidence of unreported sales to be offered by the Government was obtained directly or derivatively from the evidence heretofore suppressed."

Since a motion to suppress and a bill of particulars are both, in reality, procedural means for obtaining discovery prior to trial in a Federal criminal case, it is procedurally more expedient to lay foundation for a motion to suppress through a bill of particulars, and then bring said motion to suppress should such action be indicated by the Government's response to the bill of particulars.

DATED: June 29, 1966.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. DONNELLEY DAVID GOLDWATER,

GOLDWATER

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STATE OF NEVADA )
COUNTY OF CLARK )

#### AFFIDAVIT OF MAILING

NANCY TUMBLESON, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

That, on the 1st day of July, 1966, she deposited in the U. S. Post

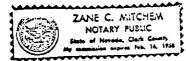
Office at Las Vegas, Nevada, one (1) sealed envelope, in which was contained
a copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF MOTION FOR BILL OF PARTICULARS,
MOTION FOR BILL OF PARTICULARS, and MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN
SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR BILL OF PARTICULARS, postage prepaid thereon;
that said sealed envelope was addressed as follows:

MICHAEL DE FEO, Esq. Assistant United States Attorney Post Office Building Las Vegas, Nevada

Manager TUMBLESON

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 1st day of July, 1966.

Netary Public, Clark County, Nevada



-16-

# MEMORANDUM IN RESPONSE TO AN ORDER OF THE COURT SUPPLYING DEFENDANTS CERTAIN PARTICULARS REQUESTED IN DEFENDANTS' MOTION

The following particulars are furnished pursuant to the Order of the Court:

#### V. Overt acts not stated in indictment

- 1. Defendant Boyer in Los Angeles, California, caused the assignment of 5,000 shares of Turbo-Dynamics Corporation from American Metal Alloys, Inc., to Morris B. Dalitz on or about December 17, 1958, falsely dating said assignment as October 1, 1958.
- 2. In November, 1958, defendant Boyer had conversations with
- J. A. Garcia and James B. Hoffman in Los Angeles, California.
- 3. In November and December, 1958, defendant Boyer had conversations with James B. Hoffman in Los Angeles, California.
- 4. Defendant Boyer in or about December, 1958, travelled to Las Vegas, Nevada, to meet with defendant Dalitz.
- 5. Defendants Boyer and Dalitz in or about December, 1958, met with J. A. Garcia in Las Vegas, Nevada, and discussed the \$50,000 loan to Turbo-Dynamics.
- On or about December 17, 1958, defendants in Los Angeles,
   California, caused Turbo-Dynamics Corporation to issue a 4-month note for \$50,000 to Atlantida, S. A.
- 7. On or about December 17, 1958, defendant Boyer in Los Angeles, California, caused shares of Turbo-Dynamics stock to be placed in escrow with him.
- On or about April 17, 1959, defendant Boyer while in Los Angeles,
   California, arranged for the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida to be
   extended.

- 9. On or about December, 1958, defendant Boyer while in Los Angeles caused Memco Oil Corporation to act as guarantor on the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida, S. A. to Turbo-DynamicsCorporation.
- 10. On or about November 27, 1963, defendant Boyer in Los Angeles falsely told agents of the Internal Revenue Service that he had no part in arranging the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida.
- VI. Acts were performed in places indicated above.
- XX. Taxable income was required to be reported upon the acquisition of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics Corporation stock in 1958. The fair market value of the shares upon their receipt in December, 1958, should have been reported. That value was approximately \$15,000.00.
- XXII. The tax basis of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics

  Corporation stock sold on or about April 17, 1959, is the market

  value of the shares upon their acquisition in December, 1958. That

  value is approximately \$15,000.00.
- XXIII. The tax basis referred to in the preceding question was computed by reference to section 1012 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. This section provides that the basis of property is its cost. The cost of stock is the value of property or services given in exchange for it.

  If there is no evidence as to what that value was, then the presumption is that it had a value equal to the fair market value of the shares received in exchange.
- XXIV. No taxable income was omitted from the 1959 federal income tax return of defendant, Morris B. Dalitz, as a result of the conspiracy.
  - XXV. No income tax was omitted from the 1959 federal income tax return of defendant, Morris B. Dalitz, as a result of the alleged conspiracy.

He should have reported a short term capital loss from the sale of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics stock of approximately \$6.12.

- EXVI. Approximately \$15,000 of taxable income was omitted from the 1958 federal income tax return of defendant, Norris B. Dalitz, as a result of the alleged conspiracy.
- XXVII. Approximately \$6,678.59 of income tax was emitted from the 1958 federal income tax return of defendant, Norris B. Dalits, as a result of the alleged conspiracy.
- stock which were the subject of the alleged conspiracy was approximately \$15,000.00 on October 1, 1958, \$15,000.00 on December 16, 1958, and \$15,000.00 on April 17, 1959.
  - Government agents taking ,

    place at (d) the executive offices of Wilbur Clark's Desert Inn. The

    Department of Justice is not aware of any envesdropping by Government

    agents at locations (a), (b) or (c).
- YXXII. A microphone was used by the Pederal Bureau of Investigation.
- YXXIII. The microphone was in use from March 22, 1962, until August 15, 1963.
- DOIN. The use of the device was terminated by order of FDI's local office in Las Vegas.
- WWW. Under Departmental practice in effect for a period of years prior to 1963 the Director of the FEI was given the authority to approve the installation of devices such as that in question for intelligence (and not evidentiary) purposes when required in the interest of internal security or national safety, including organized crime, kidnappings and matters wherein human life might be at stake. Acting on the basis of the aforementioned Departmental authorization, the Director approved installation of the device involved in the instant case.

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XXXVI. No specific statute or executive order was relied upon in the installation of the listening device in question. Under 5 U.S.C. 300, the Attorney General has the authority to appoint officials for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States. In carrying out this responsibility, Attorneys General have delegated to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the duty to gather intelligence, to investigate violations of federal laws, and to collect evidence in cases in which the United States is or may be a party. See 28 C.F.R. 0.85 (1966 rev.).

XXXVII. The device was installed on March 22, 1962.

XXXVIII.

No recordings of any monitored conversations exist today. The assignment of the various monitoring personnel was to keep a log of their hours on duty and to record in the log the participants in each conversation overheard in the executive offices of the Desert Inn as far as they could ascertain them and to make a short entry as to the substance of those conversations. When a conversation was thought to be of significance (or when the monitoring clerk or agent was in doubt as to its significance or was occupied so that he could not himself monitor the conversation as transmitted over the loudspeaker or earphones) the monitor would tape record the conversation. At a later time, these recordings would be listened to by the agent in charge of the investigation who would prepare a summary of the contents of the tape (which would often include verbatim transcriptions of certain conversations). The tape was then erased.

Both the logs and the summaries referred to above are in the possession of the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit in connection with the appeal of <u>United States of America</u> v. <u>Ruby</u> Kolod, et al.

XXXIX. The following employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation participated in the obtaining and preparation of the information obtained by the use of the electronic device:

Dean Elson - Special Agent in Charge, Las Vegas Office.

R. Burns Toolson - Special Agent in Charge of the Desert inn
investigation who reviewed the logs and tapes
prepared by the monitors and wrote the summaries.

Arthur Barrett, Special Agent. Monitor.

- J. L. Dawson, Special Agent. Monitor.
- W. H. Drake, Special Agent. Monitor.
- C. F. Freeman, Special Agent. Monitor.
- D. H. Holland, Special Agent. Monitor.
- L. Kinney, Jr., Special Agent. Monitor.
- J. E. McCloskey, Special Agent. Monitor.

Robert D. Lee, Special Agent. Monitor.

- W. T. McFaul, Special Agent. Monitor.
- F. R. McGinty, Special Agent. Monitor.
- M. B. Parker, Special Agent. Monitor.
- C. I. Peterkin, Jr., Special Agent. Monitor.
- T. J. Reilly, Jr., Special Agent. Monitor.
- J. E. Shedd, Special Agent. Monitor.
- F. G. Schmidt, Special Agent. Monitor.
- L. Fain, Special Agent, Monitor.
- J. C. Kramer, Clerk. Monitor.
- J. R. Reidenower, Clerk. Monitor.

Allen Chamberlain, Clerk. Monitor.

- J. R. Clark, Clerk. Monitor.
- J. R. Dunfee, Clerk. Monitor.

Information concerning use of a listening device at the Desert Inn first came to the attention of the Department of Justice lawyers at the supervisory level on or about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The information is now a matter of public knowledge having been widely publicized as a result of the testimony in United States v. Kolod.

No containformation obtained through the electronic eavestable dropping devices was used in the investigation, preparation, or presentation of this case.

Note: The answer to No. 40 has not get been formulated. We will show the Buran the proposed answer to Egen it is finalized L. K. Bailey **ERNMENT** 

SUBJECT:

MORRIS B. DALITZ DESERT INN STARDUST HOTEL AND CASINO LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

ELI BOYER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, AND LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Tele, Room

Sulliva Tavel Trotter

Departmental attorney L. K. Bailey on 11/14/66 furnished the Special Investigative Division an additional three pages (attached) of his proposed memorandum prepared in response to an order of the court, supplying defendants certain particulars requested in defendants' motion. We have previously analyzed the Department's answer for this Bill of Particulars and furnished our opinion to the Acting Attorney General by memorandum dated November 9, 1966.

DATE: November 15.

The Department stated that they learned during October, 1964, that listening devices had been used in the Desert Inn. is in accordance with information in Bureau files. The Department ablaalso lists the names of six Departmental attorneys who have received information from this source in report form. Department further states that no information obtained from the electronic eavesdropping device was used in instant case concerning Dalitz and Boyer.

In preparing these additional pages the Department, of course, is once again not admitting that the Bureau used microphone under the authority of the Attorney General. By letter dated November 9, 1966, to the Acting Attorney General, the Bureau recommended that the pertinent documents reflecting that authority for microphone coverage came from the Department and the Attorney General should be made available to the court in this case just as we recommended that they be made available to the Supreme Court in the Black case. It does not appear, therefore, that any point would be served in again raising this question with the Department since it is apparent they have no intention of 🕾 following our recommendations.

REC 4-11-15-66 KCLOSUBE ATTACHME.

Mr. McAndrews

CONTINUED -

NOV 22 1966

Memorandum to Mr. DeLoach Re: Morris B. Dalitz

## ACTION:

There is attached for approval a memorandum to the Acting Attorney General advising him that we have reviewed the additional three pages forwarded by Lawrence K. Bailey of the Tax Division and that the Bureau has no additional comments to make other than those set forth in our letter of November 9, 1966. A copy of our letter of November 9, 1966, to the Acting Attorney General is attached for information.

XI.

The request here is unclear as to just what defendants are demanding. We assume that the first sentence is intended to request information as to when Department of Justice lawyers learned that a listening device had been placed in the Desert Inn. We assume also that the second sentence intends to cover information obtained through use of the electronic device.

Our files reflect/information indicating that a listening device had been in use at the Desert Ium came to the attention 🖖 of Department of Justice lawyers in October 1964 in connection with a civil proceeding in Las Vegas.

Information, which it was later determined was obtained through the use of the listening device, was contained in reports submitted to the Organized Crime and Racheteaning Section of the Criminal Division. None of this information pertained in any manner to the transactions which are the subject of the indictment in this case. There is attached hereto a list of these reports by date, indicating the date of receipt in the Organized Crime and Racksteering Section of the Criminal Division (OC & R) and the names of the attorneys to whom each report was routed.

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Rpt of 4-9-62	Rec'd 4-30-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
Rpt of 5-31-62	Rec'd 6-18-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
Rpt of 7-16-62	Rec'd 7-25-62 in OC&R	James Missibeck, Louis Scalzo
Rpt of 8-10-62	Rec'd 8-20-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
Rpt of 9-18-62	Rec'd 10-3-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
Rpt of 10-19-62	Rec'd 11-7-62 in OC&R	Herbert Bates, Louis Scalzo John Keeney, Dougald McMillan
Rpt of 11-26-62	Rec'd 12-7-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney Herbert Bates
Rpt of 1-18-63	Rec'd 2-6-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney Philip White
Rpt of 4-3-63	Rec'd 4-22-63 in OC&R	John Keeney, Louis Scalzo Philip White, Herbert Bates
Rpt of 6-19-63	Rec'd 7-3-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo. John Keeney Herbert Bates, Philip White
Rpt of 8-14-63	Rec'd 8-22-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
Rpt of 9-21-62	Rec'd 10-4-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo
Rpt of 12-3-62	Rec'd 12-13-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
Rpt of 3-4-63	Rec'd 3-15-63 in OC&R	John Keeney, Louis Scalzo, Philip White
Rpt of 6-5-63	Rec'd 6-21-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
Rpt of 12-20-62	Rec'd 1-11-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
Rpt of 4-10-63	Rec'd 4-25-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney, Philip White

XLI No information obtained through electronic envesdropping devices was used in this case.

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The Acting Attorney Ceneral

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Vember 9, 1966

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Los Augules, California, And Las Vegas, Nevada

This is to acknowledge receipt of a momorandum from Departmental Attorney L. K. Dailey of the Tax Division, property in response to an order of the court supplying defendants certain particulars requested in defendants' motion.

This accordance has been reviewed, and the answers set forth are factually correct as they pertain to the mechanics of the Burean's microphone installation.

I must take exception to your response concerning the authority for use of microphone surveillances. I strongly urge that copies of the memoranda relative to the usego of microphones be attached as emiliate to the nemorandam to be filed before the court. These include the memorandam of fermer Assistant Director Courtney A. Evans dated July 7, 1991; the memorandam dated August 17, 1991, signed by fermer Attorney Contral Robert Memory sutherising the use of leased lines for microphones; the memorandum from the Bureau to fermer Depoty Attorney Contral Byron B. Unite dated May 4, 1991; and the letter from forcer Assistant Attorney Contral Berbert J. Miller, Jr., to Senator Sem J. Ervin, Jr., dated May 35, 1991, copies of which are attached.





# The Acting Attorney General

I believe the inclusion of the above exhibits as intachments to the assorandum to be filed will give an accurate picture of the authorization insofar as the FBI's usage of nicrophones is concerned.

Enc. (6)

- 1 The Deputy Attorney General Enc. (6)
- 1 Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr. Enc. (6) Assistant Attorney General
- 1 Mr. Mitchell Rogovin Enc. (6) Assistant Attorney General

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NOV 16 1966

OLIVER F. PRATT, CLERK

\_\_DEPUTY To Essen

1 JOSEPH L. WARD United States Attorney 2 MICHAEL DeFEO Special Assistant United States Attorney 3

302 Post Office Building

Las Vegas, Nevada

382-7065 5

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MEVADA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff.

Defendants.

Criminal No. 1274 PLAINTIFF'S MEMORANDUM IN

RESPONSE TO THE ORDER OF THE COURT DATED SEPTEMBER

28, 1966

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MORRIS B. DALITZ and

ELI BOYER.

COMES NOW the United States of America, plaintiff herein, and in response to the Court's order of September 28, 1966, supplies the following particulars:

- (v) What overt acts were performed in furtherance of the conspiracy, other than those stated in the indictment?
- 1. Defendant Boyer in Los Angeles, California, caused the assignment of 5,000 shares of Turbo-Dynamics Corporation from American Metal Alloys, Inc., to Morris B. Dalitz on or about December 17, 1958, falsely dating said assignment as October 1, 1958,
- 2. In November, 1958, defendant Boyer had conversations with J. A. Garcia and James B. Hoffman in Los Angeles, California.
  - 3. In November and December, 1958, defendant Boyer

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had conversation with James B. Hoffman in Los Angeles, California.

- 4. Defendant Boyer in or about December, 1958, travelled to Las Vegas, Nevada, to meet with defendant Dalitz.
- 5. Defendants Boyer and Dalitz in or about December, 1958, met with J. A. Garcia in Las Vegas, Nevada, and discussed the \$50,000 loan to Turbo-Dynamics.
- 6. On or about December 17, 1958, defendants in Los Angeles, California, caused Turbo-Dynamics Corporation to issue a 4-month note for \$50,000 to Atlantida, S. A.
- 7. On or about December 17, 1958, defendant Boyer in Los Angeles, California, caused shares of Turbo-Dynamics stock to be placed in escrow with him.
- 8. On or about April 17, 1959, defendant Boyer while in Los Angeles, California, arranged for the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida to be extended.
- 9. On or about December, 1958, defendant Boyer while in Los Angeles caused Memco Oil Corporation to act as guarantor on the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida, S. A. to Turbo-Dynamics Corporation.
- 10. On or about November 27, 1963, defendant Boyer in Los Angeles falsely told agents of the Internal Revenue Service that he had no part in arranging the \$50,000 loan from Atlantida.
- (vi) Where and when were those acts performed? Acts were performed in places indicated above on or about the dates indicated.
- (xx) Was taxable income required to be reported on the acquisition of the five thousand shares of Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock, i.e., in 1958? If so, how much?

Taxable income was required to be reported upon the acquisition of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynauics Corporation stock in 1958. The fair market value of the shares upon their receipt in December, 1958, should have been reported. That value was approximately \$15,000.00.

(xxii) What was the tax basis of the five thousand shares of Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock sold on or about April 17, 1959?

The tax basis of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics Corporation stock sold on or about April 17, 1959, is the market value of the shares upon their acquisition in December, 1958. That value is approximately \$15,000.00.

(xxiii) How was the tax basis referred to in the preceding question computed, i.e., based upon what Internal Revenue Code Section and theory?

The tax basis referred to in the preceding question was computed by reference to section 1012 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. This section provides that the basis of property is its cost. The cost of stock is the value of property or services given in exchange for it. If there is no evidence as to what that value was, then the presumption is that it had a value equal to the fair market value of the shares received in exchange.

(xxiv) What amount of taxable income would be and was omitted from the 1959 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

No taxable income was omitted from the 1959 federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the conspiracy.

 (xxv) What amount of income tax would be and was omitted from the 1959 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B.

DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

No income tax was omitted from the 1959 federal income tax return of defendant, Morris B. Dalitz, as a result of the alleged conspiracy. He should have reported a short term capital loss from the sale of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics stock of approximately \$6.12.

(xxvi) What amount of taxable income would be and was omitted from the 1958 Federal income tax return of defendant, MDRRIS B. DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

Approximately \$15,000 of taxable income was omitted from the 1958 federal income tax return of defendant, Morris B. Dalitz, as a result of the alleged conspiracy.

(xxvii) What amount of income tax would be and was omitted from the 1958 Federal income tax return of defendant, MORRIS B.

DALITZ, as a result of the alleged conspiracy?

Approximately \$6,678.59 of income tax was omitted from the 1958 federal income tax return of defendant, Morris B. Dalitz, as a result of the alleged conspiracy.

(xxviii) What was the value of the five thousand shares of Turbo Dynamics Corporation stock which were the subject of the alleged conspiracy, on:

- (a) October 1, 1958;
- (b) December 16, 1958;
- (c) April 17, 1959?

The value of the five thousand shares of Turbo-Dynamics Corporation stock which were the subject of the alleged

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31 32 conspiracy was approximately \$15,000.00 on October 1, 1958, \$15,000.00 on December 16, 1958, and \$15,000.00 on April 17, 1959.

(xxxi) Is the Department of Justice, or any office or officer thereof, aware of any electronic eavesdropping by any Government Agent from January 1, 1958, to the present date, taking place at:

- (a) The residence of ELI BOYER;
- (b) The Los Angeles or Las Vegas offices of the accounting firm of Zeman, Teller, Boyer and Goldberg;
  - (c) The residence of MORRIS B. DALITZ; or
  - (d) Wilbur Clark's Desert Inn?

The Department of Justice is aware of electronic eavesdropping by Government agents from March 22, 1962 to August 15, 1963, taking place at (d) the executive offices of Wilbur Clark's Desert Inn. The Department of Justice is not aware of any eavesdropping by Government agents at locations (a), (b) or (c).

(xxxii) If the answer to the preceding question, or any part thereof, is in the affirmative, what kind of electronic eavesdropping device was used, and by what Government Agency?

A microphone was used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(xxxiii) If the answer to question xxxi is in the affirmative, state the dates during which electronic eavesdropping devices were in use in each place, to the present date.

The microphone was in use from March 22, 1962, until August 15, 1963.

 (xxxiv) If electronic eavesdropping devices were in use as stated in response to the above questions, and such use has been terminated, by whose order was the eavesdropping terminated?

The use of the device was terminated by order of FBI's local office in Las Vegas.

(xxxv) What person or persons authorized the use of such electronic exvesdropping devices?

Under Departmental practice in effect for a period of years prior to 1963 the Director of the FBI was given the authority to approve the installation of devices such as that in question for intelligence (and not evidentiary) purposes when required in the interest of internal security or national safety, including organized crime, kidnappings and matters wherein human life might be at stake. Acting on the basis of the aforementioned Departmental authorization, the Director approved installation of the device involved in the instant case.

(xxxvi) What Statute or Executive Order was relied upon in authorizing the use of electronic eavesdropping devices?

No specific statute or executive order was relied upon in the installation of the listening device in question.

Under 5 U.S.C. 300, the Attorney General has the authority to appoint officials for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States. In carrying out this responsibility, Attorneys General have delegated to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the duty to gather intelligence, to investigate violations of federal laws, and to collect evidence in cases in which the United States is or may be a party. See 28 C.F.R. 0.85 (1966 rev.).

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(xxxvii) What is the date, or dates, of the installation of any electronic eavesdropping device referred to above?

The device was installed on March 22, 1962.

(xxxviii) Does a recording, or transcription thereof, of any conversation overheard through the use of electronic savesdropping devices now exist? If so, in whose possession is said recording or transcription?

No recordings of any monitored conversations exist today. The assignment of the various monitoring personnel was to keep a log of their hours on duty and to record in the log the participants in each conversation overheard in the executive offices of the Desert Inn as far as they could ascertain them and to make a short entry as to the substance of those conversations. When a conversation was thought to be of significance (or when the monitor ing clerk or agent was in doubt as to its significance or was occupied so that he could not himself monitor the conversation as transmitted over the loudspeaker or earphones) the monitor would tape record the conversation. At a later time, these recordings would be listened to by the agent in charge of the investigation who would prepare a summary of the contents of the tape (which would often include verbatim transcriptions of certain conversations). The tape was then erased.

Both the logs and the summaries referred to above are in the possession of the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit in connection with the appeal of United States of America v. Ruby Kolod, et al.

(xxxix) Who participated in the obtaining and perpetration of the information obtained by use of the electronic devices?

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 J. R. Clark, Clerk. Monitor

J. R. Dunfee, Clerk. Monitor

(x1) When did the information concerning the use of electronic exvesdropping devices at those places listed in answer to question XXXI first come into thehands of any Government Lawyer? List the names of those lawyers who have had possession, or are now in possession of such information.

The request here is unclear as to just what defendants are demanding. We assume that the first sentence is intended to request information as to when Department of Justice lawyers learned that a listening device had been placed in the Desert Inn. We assume also that the second sentence intends to cover information obtained through use of the electronic device.

Our files reflect that information indicating that a listening device had been in use at the Desert Imm came to the attention of Department of Justice lawyers in October 1964 in connection with a civil proceeding in Las Vegas.

Information, which it was later determined was obtained through the use of the listening device, was contained in reports submitted to the Organized Crime and Racketeering Section of the Criminal Division. None of this information pertained in any manner to the transactions which are the subject of the indictment in this case. There is attached hereto a list of those reports by date, indicating the date of receipt in the Organized Crime and Racketeering Section of the Criminal Division (OC & R) and the names of the attorneys to whom each report was routed.

	1		
1	Rpt of 4-9-62	Rec'd 4-30-62 in OC6R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
2	Rpt of 5-31-62	Rec'd 6-18-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck,
3			Louis Scalzo
<b>4</b> 5	Rpt of 7-16-62	Rec <sup>†</sup> d 7-25-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
6 7	Rpt of 8-10-62	Rec'd 8-20-62 in OC&R	James Misslbeck, Louis Scalzo
8	Ept of 9-18-62	Rec'd 10-3-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
9 10	Ept of 10-19-62	Rec'd 11-7-62 in OC&R	Herbert Bates, Louis Scalzo, John Keeney, Dougald McMillan
11 12	Rpt of 11-26-62	Rec'd 12-7-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney Herbert Bates
13 14	Rpt of 1-18-63	Rec'd 2-6-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney Philip White
15 16	Rpt of 4-3-63	Rec'd 4-22-63 in OC&R	John Keeney, Louis Scalzo Philip White, Herbert Bates
17 18	Rpt of 6-19-63	Rec'd 7-3-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney Herbert Bates, Philip White
19	Rpt of 8-14-63	Rec'd 8-22-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
20	Rpt of 9-21-62	Rec'd 10-4-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo
21	Rpt of 12-3-62	Rec'd 12-13-62 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
22 23	Rpt of 3-4-63	Rec'd 3-15-63 in OC&R	John Keeney, Louis Scalzo, Philip White
24	Rpt of 6-5-63	Rec'd 6-21-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
25	Rpt of 12-20-62	Rec'd 1-11-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
26	Rpt of 4-10-63	Rec'd 4-25-63 in OC&R	Louis Scalzo, John Keeney
27	!		Philip White
28	/wlf\ Whee	was was made of informa	tion obtained through

(xli) What use was made of information obtained through the use of electronic eavesdropping devices in this case?

No information obtained through electronic eavesdropping devices was used in this case.

Respectfully submitted,

Special Assistant United States Attorney

5010-107-03

UNITED STATES GO CRNMENT

# **l**emorandum

) All information contained HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (92-3068)

DATE: 3/22/67

EGAT, MEXICO (92-26) (RUC)

SUBJECT:

MORRIS BARNEY DALITZ, aka. AR

REASON - FCIM W. 12.4.2. 

Re Mexico City letter, 7/31/64.

(conceal) furnished gambling dévelopments he following injormation in Acapulca 💢 (4)

For some time past, pressure has been built up to permit gambling in Acapulco and, according to the source, this was the reason why captioned subject built a home i acapulco which would be used in the promotion of gambling and source believed this was the reason FRANK SINATRA also. purchased amouse in Acapulce Interest in permitting gating in that area was promoted by DALITZ whose house has, An the past few years, been occupied by his divorced wife, AVERILE DALITZ, with whom DALITZ still maintains contact, and by SINATRA and related interests.

REQ 20 ST-103 - 3668-459

In the opinion

- Liaison Section)

Las Vegas, 92-461) (2 - Los Angeles, info)

- Mexico City

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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of the source the gambling interests from the U.S. appears to be withdrawing from Acapulco and will concentrate their efforts elsewhere, probably in the Miami area or the West Thdies.

\*\* Information copy to Los Angeles because information herein pertaining to FRANK SINATRA may be of interest to that division.

November 2, 1966

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Gale

1 - Mr. McAndrews

ORGANIZED CRIME AND RACKETEERING CASES PENDING IN THE TAX DIVISION

Openinal Intelligence Profession

Reference is made to Mr. Rogovin's memorandum of October 24, 1966, and my memorandum of October 26, 1966.

Milton Jaffe has never been the subject of any electronic surveillance conducted by this Bureau.

On May 8, 1963, and June 3, 1963, Jaffe participated in meetings which were monitored over a microphone located at the Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Nevada. Jaffe was also referred to in the conversation of other persons monitored over this microphone on May 5, 1962, May 21, 1963, July 11, 1963, July 17, 1963, and August 7, 1963. This microphone was in operation from March 22, 1962. to August 15, 1963.

Jaffe further participated in a conversation on July 30, 1963, which was monitored on a microphone located at the Stardust Hotel, Las Vegas, Nevada. This microphone was in operation from June 27, 1963, to August 15, 1963.

The logs pertaining to the foregoing conversations are presently maintained at FBI Headquarters where they are available

for your review.

None of this material pertaining to Jaffe was disseminated to the Internal Revenue Service. 

1 . The Deputy Attorney General

1 - Mitchell Rogovin Assistant Attorney General

NOTE: See memo J. H. Gale to DeLoach, captioned "Organized Crime and Racketeering Cases Pending in the Tax Division, "10/28/66, TJE:tjm

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 18 MAY 1962 SHITIGH GSA FFME (41 CFS) 181-11,6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# ${\it 1} emorandum$

: Thomas J. McAndrews TO

Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE November 14, 1966

Fred G. Folsom, Chief Criminal Section

Tax Division, Department of Justice

SUBJECT: MILTON JAFFE

ORGANIZED CRIME AND RACKETEERING CASES PENDING IN THE TAX DIVISION

This will acknowledge receipt of the following logs of pertinence to Jaffe:

- Desert Inn; 5/5/62, 5/8/63, 5/21/63, 6/3/63, 7/11/63, 7/17/63, 8/7/63.
- Stardust; 7/30/63.

November 14, 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

# ${\it Memorandum}$

TO

. Thomas J. McAndrews

Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: November 10, 1966

: William Bittman, Department Attorney

Criminal Division

SUBJECT: RECEIPT - VOLUMES PERTAINING TO LAS VEGAS HOTELS

Receipt is hereby acknowledged of the following volumes of logs as set forth:

> (1) Flamingo Hotel - three volumes containing serials 1 through 420, file 92-704.

- one volume containing

(3) Dunes Hotel - three volumes containing serials 1 through 539, file 92-703.

- (4) Tropicana Hotel two volumes containing serials 1 through 467, file 92-708.
- (5) Stardust Hotel one volume containing serials 1 through 49, file 92-706.
- (6) Fremont Hotel two volumes containing serials 1 through 231, file 92-739.
- (7) Desert Inn four volumes containing serials 1 through 727, file 92-461.

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13 1987U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Poyroll Savings Plan

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February 23, 1967

Director, FBI

UNITED STATES V. JOHN FRANCIS DREW LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

- Mr. DeLoach Mr. Gale Mr. McAndrews

Reference is made to the letter of Assistant Attorney General Mitchell Rogovin dated January 19, 1967. in which he requested information concerning electronic surveillance coverage of Drew and Bureau letter to you of January 23, 1967, referring you to material previously furnished the Department concerning Drew.

There are set forth hereafter specific details relative to each electronic device which covered Drew, the submission of which was ordered by United States District Judge Roger Foley based on a motion by the defendant.

as located at the Green Gables Ranch, Peros Read, Paraurse Valley, Lam Vegas, Nevada, and was in peration from July 6, 1961, until July 12, 1961, microphone was installed by Special Agent (SA) The following Agents monitored this installation respective dates set forth:

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During the period that this microphone was monitored. SA and Special Agent in Charge and Special Agent in Charge from this microphone. The was monitored in an apartment building Tocal and image image image in the residence of the Green Gables Ranche.

Copies of the logs and accompanying transcripts pertaining to were furnished to you on August 31, 1966.

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Jocated at the residence of John Drev, 336 Desert run more, Las Vegas, Merada, and consisted of two metrophones which were installed of August 18, 1961. This installation was made by SAS.

A third microphone was installed at the location of the first state of the last state of the last state of the last state of the location of the

The logs and supporting airtels pertaining to were furnished to you on August 25, 1966. The identity of the monitoring personnel is set forth on each log. These logs were monitored at the Las Vegas Office and following the transcribing of information contained thereon, were erased upon the instructions of the Special Agent in Charge of the Las Vegas Office.

vas a microphone which was located in the Desert Inn Rotel, Las Vegas, and was activated on March 22, 1963, and terminated August 16, 1963. This installation was made by SA

The following individuals monitored this installation on dates in which Drew was present or referred to:

Investigative Clerk
Investigative Clerk
Land former investigative Clerk
This microphone was monitored at the
FBI Office in Las Vegas.

Although the logs and airtels covering the installation at the Desert Inn have been previously furnished to you, copies of the pertinent logs involving Drew will be forwarded to assist your review.

Stardust Hotel, Las Vegas, and was in operation from June 27, 1963, until August 15, 1963; This source was installed by SA the las Vegas.

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The logs and accompanying airtels were submitted to the Department on August 31, 1966. The names of the individuals monitoring these activities are noted on the individual logs. Upon the transcribing of conversations from the original tape-recordings, each tape was erased upon the instructions of the Special Agent in Charge of the Las Vegas Office.

Tailor Shop, 620 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Filinois, and was in operation from July 29, 1959, until August 22, 1963. This installation was made by SAS and

John Drew was present at a conversation which was monitored on December 12, 1960, by SA.
This information was later reviewed and dictated into an airtel summary by SA.

The procedure regarding the handling of the original tapes on which these conversations were recorded was as follows: The tape was reviewed and the pertinent conversations transcribed by one or more employees. Following the transcription, these tapes were erased upon the orders of the Special Agent in Charge of the particular office in which the conversation was taped. This procedure was followed in all instances covering all conversations concerning Drew.

A copy of the airtel containing this conversation is being furnished to the Bureau and will be delivered to the Department upon its receipt.

Each of the foregoing microphone installations was installed under the general authority of the Attorney General of the United States for the express purpose of gathering intelligence information on organized crime throughout the United States.

There follows a list of reports and other communications in which information received from the aforementioned sources was contained. Copies of those communications which have not been previously furnished to the Department are being forwarded to the Bureau and will be furnished to you upon their receipt. Those communications containing information from these sources are as follows: (The date appearing within the parentheses following each communication is the date that said communication was forwarded to the Department.)

Report of SA 1960. at Salt Lake City, containing information from This informant was carried as (December 1, 1960)

Report of SA dated February 20, 1961, at Las Vegas, containing information from covered by (March 2, 1961)

Report of SA least the dated November 7, 1961, at Las Vegas, with the following informants: (November 21, 1961)

Special summary report of SA dated March 15, 1962, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (March 22, 1962)

Report of SA dated May 25, 1962, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (June 8, 1962)

Report of SA dated July 5, 1962, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (July 11, 1962)

Report of SA decision decision deted August 9, 1962, at Las Vegas contained following informants: (August 17, 1962)

Report of SA dated September 7, 1962, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (September 19, 1962)

Report of SA decision de dated October 11, 1962, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (October 19, 1962)

Beport of SA dated January 3, 1963, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (January 14, 1963)

Report of SA. dated April 4, 1963, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (April 16, 1963)

Report of SA dated June 25, 1963, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (July 5, 1963)

Report of SA dated August 29, 1963, at Las Vegas, contained following informants: (September 10, 1963)

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Report of SA dated November 19, 1962, at Las Vegas, entitled Anti-Racketeering." (November 20, 1902)

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Report of SA at Las Vegas, entitled Racketeering." (May 6, 1963)

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Report of SA dated July 17, 1963, at Las Vegas, entitled Racketeering." (July 30, 1963)

Report of SA dated November 21, 1961, at Las Vegas, entitled Anti-Racketeering." (December 1, 1991)

Report of SA dated February 9, 1962, at Las Vegas, entitled Anti-Racketeering." (February 16, 1962)

Report of SA dated August 28, 1961, at Las Vegas, entitled "George Gordon, aka, Anti-Racketeering; Interstate Gambling Activities." (September 12, 1961)

Report of SA dated September 21, 1961, at Las Vegas, entitled "Morris Kleinman, aka, Anti-Racketeering; Interstate Gambling Activities;" (October 6, 1961)

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Report of SA dated August 4, 1961, at Chicago, entitled "Samuel M. Giancana, aka, Anti-Eacketeering." (August 15, 1961)

A 256-page memorandum entitled "Samuel M. Giancana, aka, Anti-Rackoteering," dated August 31, 1962, which includes information on John Frank Drew, which appears to be from the page 215. (September 12, 1962)

It is pointed out that one copy of the special summary report of SA dated March 15, 1962, at Las Vegas captioned John Frank Drew" was furnished to the Internal Revenue Service on April 2, 1962, at Washington, D. C.

Being furnished to the Department upon its receipt is a copy of a teletype dated June 19, 1963, captioned aka, at al., Interstate Transportation in Ala of Racketeering - Extortion," together with an airtel captioned "Morris Barney Dalitz," dated June 25, 1963, both of which contain information received from pertaining to Drew.

This is to advise that this Bureau never conducted any "wiretaps" on Drew nor any other persons with whom he was in contact.

In connection with information received pertaining to contacts by Drew with any of his attorneys, there will be furnished to the Department upon its receipt by this Bureau from the Las Vegas Office, a copy of Las Vegas airtel captioned "John Frank Drew" dated April 10, 1962, referring to a contact with the This entry does not appear on any log. Also to be Turnished is the log for May 17, 1962, covering the microphone at Drew's residence, as well as the airtel captioned "John Frank Drew" dated May 21, 1962, which sets forth information pertaining to the conversations between Drew The foregoing conversations between Drew recorded on the microphone located at Drew to recorded on the located at Drew to recorded on t

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with the exception of the report of SA referred to previously, no other material referred to above has been disseminated to the Internal Revenue Service.

Concerning the defendant's request for the inspection and review of detailed information pertaining to electronic surveillance coverage of his activities, it is pointed out that in similar cases in other Federal Districts it has been acceptable for the Government to stipulate that such coverage was effected through trespass, thereby negating the introduction of said details into the record as they are not germane to the issue. It is strongly urged that the Department consider a similar stipulation in this matter.

Your attention is directed to the fact that in the reports referred to heretofore, which contain information of pertinence to Drew received from electronic devices, there is also present information received from live informants. While the identities of these persons are covered by T-symbols, it would not be difficult for a person familiar with the circumstances and activities reported, when reviewing these reports, to, in many instances, identify the informants furnishing the information. To allow this to happen would place the lives of these informants in extreme jeopardy.

The Department is strongly urged to excerpt from these reports that information which was received from electronic devices and furnish only these excerpts to the delectronic further requested that this procedure be used in regard to other communications such as airtels and, memorands being furnished in this case.

You are requested to advise this Bureau of your final determination in this matter prior to the submission of any material to defendant.

- 1 The Deputy Attorney General
- 1 Mr. Mitchell Rogovin Assistant Attorney General

The caption on the letter to the Acting Attorney General is that used on their request to us. We have carried Drew as John Frank Drew as it appears on memo.

On 1/12/67 Judge Roger Foley of the United States District Court in Las Vegas granted the defendant's motion to discover and inspect all of the material concerning defendant obtained through electronic surveillance coverage. Most of the material in the Drew case was furnished to the Department in August of 1966, notably the logs and airtels covering which sources primarily covered brew selectivities. Judge Foley's order was much broader in scope and required a more thorough review of our electronic coverage of Drew. Las Vegas, Office of Origin in this case, after conducting an initial review, set out leads to 41 field divisions requiring intensive review of their files in this case. Prior to completion of its review, Las Vegas found it necessary to set out leads to 10 additional offices to fulfill the request of the Court. As a result of their reviews, Chicago, Salt Lake City, New Orleans, Jackson and New York set out additional reviews. Upon submission of this letter to the Acting Attorney General and the documents that are being forwarded to the Bureau (now in the Bureau's possession and to be forwarded immediately), the Department will be in possession of all material necessary to fulfill the court order.

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### *Temorandum*

TO : Thomas J. McAndrews

Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: February 23, 1967

FROM : Charles McNelis

Departmental Attorney, Tax Division

Department of Justice

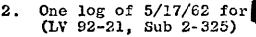
SUBJECT: JOHN FRANK DREW

RECEIPT

This is to acknowledge receipt for copies of the following material:

> One Las Vegas airtel captioned "John Frank Drew" dated 4/10/62 (LV 92-21, Sub 1-42)

One Las Vegas airtel captioned "John Frank Drew" dated 5/21/62 (LV 92-21, Sub 1-48)



One Las Vegas airtel captioned dated 6/7/62

> 5. One Las Vegas airtel captioned dated 9/11/62

6. Seven logs from dated as follows:

11/7/62 (LV 92-461, Sub 2-315) (LV 92-461, Sub 2-398) 1/8/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 2-478) 3/6/63 4/8/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 2-526) 5/20/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 2-589) (LV 92-461, Sub 2-593) 5/21/63 6/19/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 2-632)

One teletype captioned ITAR - Extortion" dated 6/19/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 1-84)

8. One Las Vegas airtel captioned "Morris Barney Dalitz" dated 6/25/63 (LV 92-461, Sub 1-85)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan